

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXVIII. NO. 33

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1919.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

TELEPHONE TOLLS MAY BE SUSPENDED

Supervisor Farwell Suggests to Local Management to Discontinue Toll Charges in County.

STORM OF PROTEST AROUSED

Conference Will Be Held at Washington First of Week to Determine Final Interpretation.

The telephone toll rates between exchanges in Jackson county will probably be suspended at midnight tonight pending the result of a conference that will be held at Washington Monday or Tuesday.

A meeting was held at Indianapolis Friday afternoon at which there were present representatives of the telephone owners associations of the state and Hart F. Farwell, supervisor for this district under the government telephone control plan which is now in operation.

Different interpretations of Postmaster-General Burleson's orders have resulted in different counties following different plans regarding toll rates. The orders are conflicting and Mr. Farwell leaves today for Washington to get the tangles smoothed out so as to follow exactly what the postoffice department intends to have done. Meanwhile he telephoned L. C. Griffiths, the local manager, this afternoon, suggesting that the toll rates in the county be suspended tonight at midnight pending the result of his visit to Washington. This will probably be done unless different word is received before night.

Attention was called this morning to the first paragraph of the post office order No. 2495 which reads as follows:

"Office of the Postmaster General, Washington, Dec. 13, 1918. Order No. 2495.

"There are many counties and districts in which a free toll service is granted the subscriber within such county or district, the exchange rates presumably having been made with a view to such free toll service. This order shall not be construed as requiring a discontinuance of these privileges pending a study and revision of these exchange rates.

"Nothing in this order establishing toll rates shall be construed as changing rates made without reference to mileage now established for service within a certain county or other area when such rates are not in excess of ten cents but no further rates of this character shall be established without specific approval of the Postmaster General."

These paragraphs would exempt this county from putting into effect the toll rates which are specified in the later sections of the order. But on Jan. 21 another order supplementary to No. 2495 was received by the local company. This supplementary order is signed by the United States Telegraph and Telephone Administration. This order says:

"On January 21, 1919, a five (5) cent rate will be put into effect be-

(Continued on page 5, column 4)

ENTIRE CITY WITHOUT WATER SERVICE FOR SEVERAL HOURS

Valve Control on the Principal Main Closed While Repairs are Made in Fire Hydrant.

The entire city was without water service this afternoon as the result of a broken fire hydrant at the corner of Ewing and Eighth streets. The plug gave way when the valve was being turned off after the fire at the residence of G. C. Martin, Ewing street, this morning. The hydrant sets deep in the ground.

The valve control of most of the hydrants in the city is arranged according to districts and when repairs on a plug are necessary only a limited part of the city is affected. In this case, however, the supply comes from the principal main into the city and it was necessary to turn off all the water service. Barber shops and other places suffered much inconvenience while the service was shut off.

SESSION OF GRAND JURY TO BE CALLED

Simpson B. Lowe, Prosecutor, Will Ask for Meeting of Inquisitorial Body This Month.

FEBRUARY 24 FIXED AS DATE

Prosecuting Attorney Desirous of Knowing in Advance if Any Matters Are to Be Presented.

The Jackson county grand jury will convene Monday, February 24, for a week's session, according to Simpson B. Lowe, prosecuting attorney of the Jackson-Lawrence judicial circuit. Mr. Lowe stated that the body will be in session for one week, unless the public takes an interest in the matter and come to it promptly with their business. "I want to give the people of Jackson county good service in the prosecution of crimes," he said, "if they will take an interest in it and lend their assistance." He said he would like to have notice in advance of the session of the grand jury if any special matters are to be presented so that he can make his arrangement accordingly.

The date set for the grand jury is the first day of the February term of court. In the meantime the names of the jurors will be drawn by the county jury commissioners. This is the first session of the grand jury that has been called in this county for more than a year.

When the fall term of court convened last year the grand jury had been summoned for service, but later the call was cancelled on account of the prevailing influenza conditions. It was expected that the body would meet before the term adjourned, but other conditions arose which made this impossible. The jury was not summoned when the December term of court convened as the term of Marshall Woolery, as prosecutor, had almost expired and it was not deemed advisable to open investigations which would probably require several weeks to complete.

Formerly two sessions of the grand jury were held in this county each year, but the business was so light that the court did not feel justified in ordering the body to assemble. It was Judge Swails who instituted the plan of an annual session of the grand jury and it has met all the requirements, as a special session can be ordered at any time the occasion demands. Only once since the rule was put in effect has a special session been called.

Because of the length of time which has elapsed since the grand jury was in session, it is expected that a number of matters will be presented for the investigation of the body.

THOMAS H. HUNTER DEAD AFTER FEW HOURS ILLNESS

Stricken Friday Afternoon and Became Unconscious Soon After Arrival Home.

Thomas Henry Hunter died early this morning at his home north of the city. Mr. Hunter, who was employed as a teamster, was taken suddenly ill yesterday afternoon at Rockford. He returned to his home late in the afternoon and soon after his arrival became unconscious. All efforts to restore him failed. Death occurred early this morning. Mr. Hunter was born July 24, 1881, making his age thirty-seven years, six months and eight days. He was the son of Robert Hunter, of Tovey, Ills. His mother preceded him in death several years ago. He was married September 11, 1911 at Brownstown to Miss Clara Garlock. Beside the widow and one son, Woodford, he is survived by three brothers, J. W., of Madoc, Mont., James F., of Indianapolis, and George R., of New Jersey, and two sisters, Mrs. Fred Clark, of Indianapolis, and Mrs. L. I. Goble, of Rockford, his father and stepmother. The funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon from the late residence, Rev. Wm. A. Carroll, pastor of the Central Christian church officiating. Burial at Riverview cemetery.



1—Red Cross workers in Washington handling the immense quantities of mail relating to the soldiers. 2—In the Chateau Thierry club, New York, founded exclusively for wounded soldiers who return from France. 3—Former King Manuel of Portugal and his wife, Victoria, whose restoration is sought by the revolting monarchists of Portugal. This photograph was taken on Manuel's farm at Twickenham, England.

EXAMINERS FILE OFFICIAL REPORT

Records in Office of City Treasurer Found in "Tangled Condition," According to Statement.

METHODS ARE CRITICIZED

Mayor and Clerk Commended for Excellent Manner in Which Their Accounts Were Kept.

Copies of the official report filed with the state board of accounts by James D. Smith and Edward A. Remy, field examiners, who recently completed an examination of the accounts in the offices of C. W. Burkart, city mayor, Harry Findley, city clerk, and Samuel H. Amick, city treasurer were received at the city building today. One copy of each report will be permanently filed in the office of the clerk. Each official was also furnished with a copy which pertained to his department.

The examiners found the books of the mayor and clerk in excellent condition, but they reported that the "records in the office of city treasurer were in a tangled condition and the neglect of that official was quite apparent." A discrepancy of \$633.97, as originally reported, is set out in the report on the treasurer's office. The statement also declared that in one instance it was "necessary for the treasurer to draw on private funds for \$85.30 and in another for \$198.49 to redeem bonds and coupons (Barrett loan bonds) for which assessments had been previously collected, but otherwise appropriated."

The examiners also recommended that "in addition to other records of the street improvement account a record should be kept of all bonds and when transfer of ownership is made let it become a part of the record." It was explained in The Republican several days ago that such a system has never been followed by any treasurer in this city and that the examiners would likely

(Continued on page 4, column 1.)

ALLEGED HOLDUP MAN IS BOUND OVER TO COURT

Frank Hockman, Arrested at Muncie, Waives Preliminary Hearing at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, February 1.—Frank R. Hockman, alias Capt. Franklin R. Day, who robbed Henry F. Campbell, Indianapolis broker, of \$5,000 was bound over to the Marion county grand jury today after waiving preliminary hearing in city court. Hockman and Mrs. Mary Moore, of Washington, D. C., were arrested at Muncie and returned to Indianapolis. Hockman admitted he had been arrested previously charged with minor misdemeanors.

RUNAWAY SCORE IS PILED UP BY S. H. S.

Crothersville Basketball Team Falls to Defeat in Game Here Friday Night to Tune of 54 to 17.

FIGHT ON LOCAL FORWARDS

Vernon Township Quintet Spends Time in Trying to Prevent Growth of a Increasing Lead.

With a half filled gymnasium for the local enthusiasts knew the general result and showed little interest, the S. H. S. basketball team ran away with Crothersville high school, 54 to 17. The locals defeated Crothersville a few weeks ago by the score of 47 to 8, however, that was Crothersville's first game while S. H. S. was playing her fifth. Crothersville showed a good improvement over the first encounter and three new faces appeared which greatly strengthened their line-up.

After getting a good start in the game S. H. S. adopted the slogan, "What's the use of working hard when it is not necessary?" and immediately put it into effect. After the "tip-off" the ball was sent into local territory and while the two forwards fought the entire Crothersville team, the S. H. center and guards stood in the "enemy" territory watching that the ball did not leave the local goal. If a Crothersville man started for his goal, one of the "three" stepped up to return the

(Continued on page 4, column 5.)

Beatty to Visit U. S.

London, February 1.—Admiral Beatty, commander in chief of the British navy, will visit America after the grand fleet is demobilized, according to the Paris correspondent of the London Times. He is expected to accompany a fleet of several types of British warships.

Chicago Milk Price.

Chicago, February 1.—Consumers today were not affected by new Chicago wholesale milk price set for February at a decrease of 26 cents from the January price. The new price adopted at a conference between producers and distributors and food administration representatives is \$3.50 a hundred pound.

Special for Saturday.

Broken prices: spare ribs, shoulder bones, liver, all kinds of pork, fancy beef. We trim our meats, but not our customers. L. G. Heins. Clean meats.

Country cured shoulders, hams, side meat. Low prices. Ray R. Keach.

Steam vulcanizing tires and tubes. Pauley and Son, Garage, 203-205 N. Ewing Street.

DIVIDED REPORT ON ROADS EXPECTED

Committee Fighting Over Point Relative to Disposition of Automobile License Tax.

OTHER AMENDMENTS OFFERED

Establishment of Colony for Feeble Minded is Favored by House Committee.

By United Press.

Indianapolis, February 1.—Radical amendments or a divided report by the House committee on Roads was reported by members of the committee, to be the fate of the Buller Highway Commission bill today. Although the committee was unable to reach an agreement before several of its members departed for their homes for the week-end another meeting was announced for Monday, at which time it is understood a report on the bill will be prepared for the House.

One point which is under fire provides for the elimination of the clause giving the state automobile license tax to the highway commission. Advocates of the present bill charge that this is but one way being sought to kill the measure. It has also been suggested that amendments to the existing highway commission law be substituted for the Buller bill. Others are of the opinion that the Buller bill will die in the committee and that the House will await action on the Senate bill which includes the same features as the House measure.

The House committee on Ways and Means will report favorably upon

(Continued on page 8, column 5.)

Attention.

The new Victor records for February at the Progressive Music Store, include Oh! Frenchy, Mornin' Blues, Clarinet Marmalade Blues, Good Bye France, The Navy Will Bring Them Back, The Pickaninny's Paradise, It's Never Too Late To Be Sorry, Till We Meet Again and others.

Notice Auto Owners.

Six machines burned in Brownstown Saturday night. Is your machine insured? If not, call or see E. C. Bollinger immediately. I can give you fire, theft, collision and liability for less than you can afford to carry the risk. Phone Res. 5. Office 186. j30w-fld

Milk Prices Lower.

Use more milk for health and vigor. Buy it by the quart for economy. Beginning Feb. 1, quarts 12c, pints 7c. fld

Big Appropriation.

Washington, February 1.—The house today passed the agricultural appropriation bill carrying approximately \$31,000,000.

SECOND TRIP MAY BE UNNECESSARY

President Wilson Pleased with Progress That is Made by the World Peace Congress.

PIVOTAL VICTORIES WON

Wilson Advocating Systematizing of Conference Work to Speed Up All the Details.

(By Robert L. Bender, United Press Staff Correspondent. Copyright by United Press, 1919.)

Paris, February 1.—The peace conference has developed so marked a tendency to accept practical application of the fourteen principles and to speed its work, that President Wilson may find a second trip to France unnecessary.

Just six weeks after his arrival in France, the President felt confident today that the pivotal victories had already been won and that future action by the conference will be in strict adherence to the broad principles included in the armistice terms.

Within a few days, the delegates will have accomplished the framing of a constitution for the league of nations, in conformity with the principle of "no annexations," the president believes. This will be one of the most vital accomplishments of the peace settlement.

Wilson is advocating systemizing of the peace work to the utmost, in order to hurry the handling of all details. The plan for reference of each great problem to a special committee is known to have been adopted at his suggestion.

SIR HORACE PLUNKETT ON TOUR OF UNITED STATES

Irish Leader Says Purpose of Visit Is To Study Agricultural Methods.

By United Press.

New York, February 1.—Sir Horace Plunkett, Irish leader, started on a tour of the United States today to secure first hand information on a number of things, as he said. Sir Horace arrived last night on the White Star liner Adriatic.

Asked if he had come to the United States to agitate the Irish question he said he did not think that would be necessary as everybody understood the situation.

"I am simply going out west to study the agricultural conditions. You know I have always been interested in agriculture."

Noticing a newspaper headline reading: "Self Determination of Small Nations Debated By Supreme War Council," Plunkett said with a smile: "I wonder if Ireland is one of those small nations?"

DEMobilIZATION HAS REACHED MILLION MARK

152,000 Men Returned from Overseas, Chief of Staff March Announced Today.

By United Press.

Washington, February 1.—Demobilization has passed the million mark. There have been discharged from American camps and overseas forces 952,411 men and 61,237 officers, Chief of Staff March announced today.

Total all men ordered for demobilization is 1,346,000 including 1,243,000 in the United States.

Total returned from overseas now is 152,000.

C. H. Wiethoff, president of the chamber of commerce, has received a letter from A. W. McKeand, chairman of the extension department of the state chamber of commerce, stating that he may be here for a meeting in the near future and will give an address. The matter will be referred to the board of directors at the meeting Tuesday night. Mr. McKeand is one of the best known organizers in Indiana and has been affiliated with the state chamber of commerce for several years.

Hair cutting 25c; shaving 10c; razor honing 35c. I sharpen household scissors also. Sprenger's Barber Shop. One door north of New Lynn hotel. s6&wtf

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher.

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Six Months \$2.50

Three Months \$1.25

One Week .10

DAILY—By Mail in Advance.

1 wk 2 Mos. 6 Mos. 1 Yr.

In Jackson Co., 10c \$1.00 \$1.75 \$3.00

Zone 1, outside Co 10c 1.25 2.00 3.50

Zone 2, 3, 4, 5, 12c 1.50 2.50 4.00

Zone 3, 4, 5, 14c 1.75 3.00 5.00

Zone 6, 7, 8, 16c 2.00 3.50 6.00

WEEKLY

3 Mos. 6 Mos. 1 Yr.

In Jackson Co., 50c 75c \$1.00

Zone 1, outside Co 60c 85c 1.25

Zone 2, 3, 4, 70c 1.00 1.50

Zone 5, 6, 7, 8 80c 1.25 2.00

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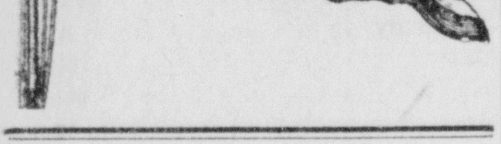
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SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1919.



THE UNEMPLOYED.

The congress and many of the state legislatures are making a critical study of the labor question in this country with the view of overcoming the problem of the unemployed. The situation which the country finds itself is the result of the demobilization of thousands of men who were employed before they entered the service for the defense of the flag. While they were away conditions were adjusted to the war time needs. Women were employed to take the places of many of the absentees. Men who had retired from active labor were again employed and the readjustment is coming slowly.

The problem in agricultural communities is not as serious as in the large industrial centers. Shifts were made on the farms so that the soldiers could return to their former work as soon as they were released from the army. There was a scarcity of farm labor and many of the men who were farmers in civil life made preparations before they became soldiers to return to that work as soon as their military duties ended.

In the industrial centers a different situation developed. Automobile factories and other peace time concerns employing thousands of men were suddenly transformed into war time industries. With the return of peace they must again return to their former status. During the period in which this change is made the demand for labor is not as great as before the war. It will require time for these concerns to again

"Cold In the Head"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the System, cleanse the Blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. All Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. \$1.00 for any case of catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will not cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

RE-ORGANIZATION

TIME IS STARTING

HELP A GOOD CAUSE

by

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build up their trade to the point that it was before the United States entered the world conflict. The most serious situations, therefore, are found in the industrial centers.

It is proposed that public works such as road building, government building, ship construction and the like be encouraged to take care of the idle men until the great factories of the nation are again firmly established. The United States is quick in meeting existing conditions. American ingenuity will help to solve this problem as it has other vital issues which have arisen in the past.

Practically all the restrictions on the use and sale of foodstuffs have been removed. But during the last two years the American people have been taught the necessity of economy. That principle had not been given the attention that it merited and deserved in the past. Economy and thrift make a nation prosperous. The food regulations of the past have done much to emphasize this.

Soldiers' Letters

Interesting Letter.

Corporal H. M. Hopkins writes to

George Gardner as follows:

Camp DeAmours, France,

Jan. 11, 1919.

I was glad to get your letter today. It was the only one I had received for a month. I am lying across a bunk writing this letter on a copy of the Saturday Evening Post. My light is a candle stuck to the top of a steel helmet. Harold Donnell is sitting on the other side of my bunk reading a book. A bunch of fellows are just across the room fighting over a candle but no one can get it.

In your letter you mentioned about me seeing sights here. I quite agree with you, I have seen some darned interesting sights. Most people at home think we fellows who did not get to the front had nothing to do but go around gazing at art galleries and cathedrals and roaming about these cities over here. I don't think any member of the A. E. F. will say he has been on a pleasure tour when he returns.

I am not very far from La Mons which is a good sized city and about eleven kilometers from this camp. The only way we have of getting there is by walking. I have been there several times. You can see all there is in two trips. I've been through both the Cathedral and the Museum.

Our outfit has been lucky in getting to see about all of England and France. We went through England lengthwise and have criss-crossed all over this bloomin' country here. You seldom see an automobile here and when you do see one it is jammed full. There is usually one civilian, a woman ordinarily, and five or six soldiers. There are all kinds of soldiers here. There are French, English, Belgian, Polish, Russian, Algerian, Australian, Scotch and Yanks galore. The French colonial soldiers have the flashiest uniforms. They are usually topped off with three or four Croix de Guerres and half a dozen citation cords.

I was at the La Mons cathedral Christmas and saw one of the prettiest ceremonies I ever saw. The cathedral is a big affair and like places of worship here, are given the finest care. About a million candles were lighted and ten priests dressed in white robes with gilt trimmings and as many little boys dressed in white uniforms together with a choir of 200 best singers I ever heard were on a big altar in the center of the cathedral. A small pipe organ was used by the choir and a big one that covered half of one end of the building repeated the music. Say, when that old dude tone loose it just raised your hair up on end. It makes you feel like getting outside to give it a room. I have been in many cathedrals but I never heard anything like that before.

The means of locomotion and transportation over here consist of everything from a dog hitched under a cart and guided by a kid and two wheel carts pulled by donkeys and cows, up to a pretty decent locomotive engine. So far as the natives over here are concerned what they eat don't matter so much, so long as they have plenty to drink. So far, we haven't had any weather cold enough to freeze the ground. It rains continually. We receive casualties here who are able to get out of the hospital, we either send them home or back to their division. While here they get decootied and a bath or two. We have every kind of

cootie on earth here. Outside of French bed bugs we are living comparatively peaceful.

Corporal H. M. Hopkins,
6th Co., 1st Prov. Tr. Regt.,
2nd. Depot Division,
American E. F., Francee.

Reunion on Christmas.

Mrs. Anna Hoeferkamp has received the following letter from her son, Serg. E. J. Hoeferkamp, who is with the A. E. F. in France:

Chalaney, France, Dec. 28.

My dear mother:

Your letter and Xmas box received December 24th and I am going to write you a few lines to let you know I am well and to thank you for the chocolate. Don't forget to thank Sadie Myers for the cigarettes. Am writing her a personal letter today.

We are now in Chalaney, France. It is an ordinary town of about 400 people and a chateau that is 800 years old and lots of the homes are very old. We ate Christmas dinner at our company at Montsaugon which is about 30 miles from here. It was some dinner, too. Wine, soup, roast goose, mashed potatoes, gravy, dressing, celery apple and pumpkin pie, rice, coffee and cigars. It was a regular reunion as it was the first time that all the men were all together since we were in France. But there were a lot of strange faces of men who had replaced those who were wounded and probably are now back in the states. But everybody seemed happy and all left with full stomachs. We are having very good food at the place we are now and have no complaint to make.

I will soon be able to tell you all about my experiences over here and hope you will not be angry at me for writing such short letters.

With all my love,

Your son,

Sergeant E. J. Hoeferkamp,

Co. B, 307 Field Sign. Bn.,

A. P. O. 742, A. E. F.

FURTHER REMOVAL OF

REGULATION OF FOOD

Sixty-day Requirement is Rescinded

on Practically All of the

Staple Commodities.

Food regulations restricting the purchases of supplies to a sixty-day requirement, limiting amounts on hand to such amount and requiring sales on the basis of a reasonable profit over original purchase price, are rescinded on practically all commodities. It was announced today by the United States Food administration that such limitations apply hereafter only to cottonseed and its products.

This is one of the most significant announcements to the retail trade, inasmuch as it permits of unlimited buying, and sales based upon replacement values, or current market prices, rather than upon their cost to the dealer. In this connection further Dr. Harry E. Barnard, federal food administrator for Indiana, today authorized the following:

President Wilson has signed a proclamation effective February 1st, removing the requirement of licenses under the food control act in a large number of cases and repealing regulations governing those whose licenses have been cancelled. The following only now remain under license:

Importers and distributors of wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, also elevators or warehouses storing wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, rice, importers, manufacturers and distributors of fresh canned or cured beef, pork or mutton, cottonseed, cottonseed products, lard, butter, eggs, sugar importers and manufacturers of rice, rice flour, wheat flour and wheat mill feeds, also cold storage warehouse men. Licenses and all regulations are cancelled in case of following:

All persons, firms, corporations or associations heretofore required to be licensed whose licenses have not already been cancelled engaged in the business of importing, manufacturing, "including milling, mixing or packing" or distributing oatmeal, rolled oats, oat flour, corn crits, corn meal, hominy, corn flour, starch from corn, corn syrup, glucose or raw corn flakes, rye flour, barley flour, milk, cheese, near beer, or other cereal beverages, malt copra, palm kernels, peanuts oleomargarine or butter substitutes, lard substitutes except cottonseed products, all animal or vegetable fats or oils except butter, lard and cottonseed oil.

Mrs. Jesse Leland, who has been the guest of Mrs. T. R. Carter, for the past week, left this morning for North Vernon where she will meet her daughter, Miss Mary Leland, who is employed with the C. & O. Railroad Company, in Richmond, Va. They will then go to their home in Madison.

Mrs. E. M. Carr has returned to her home in Scottsburg after spending several days here the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Frank J. Hill.

JACKSON TOWNSHIP.

The Township Trustees' Annual Report to the Advisory Board of Jackson Township, Jackson County, Indiana, for the year ending December 31, 1918.

Receipts.

Jan. 1, Bal. Township Fund	\$ 77.63
Jan. 1, Bal. Road Fund	103.25
Jan. 1, Bal. Special School Fund	1076.42
Jan. 1, Bal. Dog Fund	287.41
Depository Banks, interest	498.83
Co. Treas., Township Fund	5.72
Co. Treas., Road Fund	1133.65
Co. Treas., Special School Fund	8.13
Co. Treas., Dog Fund	8.05
Depository Banks, interest	180.52
Clarence Barnes et al., dog tax	16.00
Ed Bode, use of grader	4.50
James Howard, use of grader	1.00
L. L. Downing, dog tax	22.00
Edgar Maddox et al., dog tax	11.00
Depository Banks, interest	5.36
Albert Lambring et al., dog tax	6.00
Depository Banks, interest	12.00
John Rinehart, et al., dog tax	1443.38
Co. Treas., July distribution	107.64
State Auditor, vocatnl training tx	12.03
Depository Banks, interest	8.89
Co. Treas., Township Fund	332.79
Co. Treas., Road Fund	199.00
Co. Treas., Special School Fund	141.67
Co. Treas., Dog Fund	145.85
Co. Treas., Library Fund	154.64
John Congdon, docket fees	9.25
C. L. D. Wilson, docket fees	9.25
Depository Banks, interest	24.13

Expenditures.

Allen Swope, stamps	2.25
Central School Supply Co., maps	3.97
Enola Michels, teaching	51.00
Elsie Harris, teaching	46.00
Lena House, teaching	52.00
Melvin Wheeler, teaching	55.00
Edith Trumbo, teaching	46.00
Zetta Brown, teaching	43.50
Samuel Banks & Son, drvg sch wgn	37.50
E. E. Humphrey, drvg sch wgn	20.00
Hilt & Fislar, drvg sch wgn	30.00
Hoefener & Quinn, drvg sch wgn	30.00
Wm. Stanfield, janitor	15.00
T. F. Edwards, janitor	5.00
John Mize, janitor	5.00
John Mize, janitor	5.00
Samuel Story, janitor	5.00
Carlson Hdw. Co., bridge lumber	10.90
D. H. Goble Ptg Co., glue	18.85
H. Goble Ptg Co., Hme & Sc Vs	8.40
Curtis Dixon, hauling coal	2.00
Albert Luedtke, tp books	16.00
Ebner Ice & Cold Storage Co., cl	3.75
James Howard, hauling coal	2.00
Samuel Story, hauling coal	2.00
Lena C. House, teaching	70.00
Enola Michels, teaching	68.00
Zetta Brown, teaching	58.00
Melvin Wheeler, teaching	55.00
Edith Trumbo, teaching	27.00
Elsie Harris, teaching	31.05
Sam'l Banks & Son, drvg sch wgn	50.00
L. E. Humphrey, drvg sch wgn	40.00
Hilt & Fislar, drvg sch wgn	40.00
Hoefener & Quinn, drvg sch wgn	40.00
Wm. Stanfield, janitor	21.00
T. F. Edwards, janitor	5.00
Aaron A. Riddick, janitor	5.00
John Mize, janitor	5.00
Samuel Story, janitor	5.00
H. A. Schwab, stove	7.00
Samuel Story, repairs on No. 7	1.50
Herman Albersing, surplus dg tax	392.38
Central Sch. Sup. Co., crayons	7.55
Walter Patrick, repr wk No. 3	1.50
Sam'l Banks & Son, drvg sch wgn	50.00
L. E. Humphrey, drvg sch wgn	40.00
Hilt & Fislar, drvg sch wgn	40.00
Hoefener & Quinn, drvg sch wgn	40.00
Wm. Stanfield, janitor	21.00
T. F. Edwards, janitor	5.00
Aaron A. Riddick, janitor	5.00
John Mize, janitor	5.00
Samuel Story, janitor	5.00
W. M. Casey, express	2.40
Enola Michels, teaching	68.00
Lena C. House, teaching	70.00
Zetta Brown, teaching	58.00
Melvin Wheeler, teaching	55.00
Edith Trumbo, teaching	46.00
Elsie Harris, teaching	46.00
Seymour Democrat, printng an rpt	18.40
Seymour Republican, an rpt & map	19.40
Bee Hive, school supplies	1.10
Seymour Tel. Co., 3 mos. phne rpt	6.75
John McCaffrey, 5 decks kld by dgs	4.18
Vyn. C. Weber, 3 trkys kld by dgs	14.58
G. H. Henderson, coal	22.25
Melvin Wheeler, attendng institute	11.00
Melvin Wheeler, teaching	46.00
Enola Michels, teaching	46.00
Lena C. House, teaching	65.50
Zetta Brown, teaching	55.10
Edith Trumbo, teaching	50.00
Elsie Harris, teaching	47.15
John Mize, janitor	2.50
Samuel Story, janitor	2.50
Samuel Banks & Son, drvg sch wgn	60.00
P. F. Edwards, janitor	2.50
Edith Trumbo, teaching	12.00
Hilt & Fislar, drvg sch wgn	46.00
Hoefener & Quinn, drvg sch wgn	46.00
L. E. Humphrey, drvg sch wgn	46.00
Aaron Riddick, janitor	27.25
Central Sch. Sup. Co., attendng institute	26.25
Zetta Brown, attendng institute	22.25
Melvin Wheeler, attendng institute	5.50
George Hancock, insurance	20.75
Enola Michels, attendng institute	27.25
Edith Trumbo, attendng institute	13.50
Elsie Harris, attendng institute	11.50
Allen Swope, stamps	3.00
C. W. Whitman, commnt music	10.00
Edwin Dixon, hauling orles to com	2.00
Albert Stahl, taking enumeratn	15.00
Oscar Fislar, drvg sch wgn	3.00
T. A. Mott, commnt music	10.00
Stanfield, janitor	18.02
Wells Fargo Exp. Co., expressage	2.00
Wm. McKinney, haulng bridge lum	6.00
Mrs. O. E. Carter, tkys kld by dgs	3.32
Albert Luedtke, com, and ex of rks	25.00
Seymour Republican, commnt music	63.05
Henry Neimeyer, rep on cons sch	23.00
Albert Stahl, enumeration	6.32
Louis F. Miller, supplies	6.32
W. A. Laupus, payment of note	200.00
Cordees Hdw. Co., rprs on furnace	200.00
First Nat. Bank, 6 m rnt for office	60.00
Seymour Mut. Tel. Co., phone rent	6.75
Jackson Co. L. & T. Co., note & int	20.00
Central Sch. Sup. Co., supplies	25.00
C. B. Davis, clerk	30.00
Carlson Hdw. Co., lumbr & spikes	33.25
H. Amick, City Tr. library tax	180.52
D. H. Amick, City Tr. office sup.	5.00
H. Amick, insurance	8.50
Union Hdw. Co., supplies	2.40
Ahlbrand Car. Co., rep sch wagon	50.00
B. F. Schneck, Sch Tr, transfers	22.42
E. Casey, drvg sch wgn	2.40
Samuel Banks, hauling coal	7.50
A. J. Seibert, labor on roads	2.50
Wm. Stanfield, janitor	3.00
G. H. Anderson, teaching	174.70
Samuel Story, hauling coal	5.00
Ben Surenkamp, hauling coal	5.00
Louis Surenkamp, hauling coal	5.00
Little Story, tkys kld by dgs	72.40
George H. Davis, drvg sch wgn	2.50
Wm. Harlow, advisory board	5.00
J. M. Shields, advisory board	5.00
Wm. Stanfield, bridge work	4.00
James Guffey, ditch	7.50
Salad & Co., supplies	2.00
J. W. Ackeret, brooms	9.00
C. L. Peacock, hauling coal	7.50
Jay C. Smith, printing	5.50
Edwin Dixon, hauling orles to com	2.00
T. F. Edwards, labor at Schl 3	5.00
Efra Mahorney, teaching	35.00
Allen Swope, stamps	2.00
G. H. Anderson, coal	25.70
Elsie Mahorney, teaching	45.00
W. M. Casey, trustee's salary	25.00
Lena C. House, teaching	72.00
Ruth Edwards, teaching	45.00
James Guffey, ditch	210.28
Georgia Cox, teaching	45.00
Sam'l Banks, drvg sch wgn	50.00
Hilt & Fislar, drvg sch wgn	50.00
T. F. Edwards, janitor	5.00
Hoefener & Quinn, drvg sch wgn	50.00
Mrs. John Mize, janitor	5.00
Wm. Stanfield, janitor	10.00
Joe Nichter, reprs on sch wagon	50.00
Georgia Cox, janitor	2.50
J. F. Kasting, cleaning ditch	20.25
Seymour Tel. Co., 3 m phone rent	6.75
George H. Davis, drvg sch wgn	1.00
Cordees Hdw. Co., state supplies	8.50
C. E. Loertz, glass	3.70
Wm. J. Stanfield, clng sch yard	31.00
Kiger & Co., supplies	2.50
Samuel Story, reprs on No. 3	13.00
A. A. Riddick, repairs on No. 3	5.00
John Mize, janitor	5.00
T. F. Edwards, janitor	5.00
Sam'l Banks, drvg sch wgn	14.00
Hilt & Fislar, drvg sch wgn	12.50
Wm. Stanfield, janitor	21.00
Samuel Story, janitor	5.00
Quinn & Hoefener, drvg sch wgn	12.00
Centl Sch Sup Co, crayons	12.50
J. F. Nichter, drvg sch wagon	5.00
Georgia Cox, janitor	5.00
H. A. Schwab, stovepipe	1.50
John Steeger, well and pump rep	12.00
Standard Oil Co., floor oil	11.42
Efra Mahorney, teaching	35.00
Efra Mahorney, teaching	40.00
Ruth Edwards, teaching	70.00
Georgia Cox, teaching	45.00
J. W. Shedy, teaching	50.00

Financial Independence

Comes only from habits of thrift and careful systematic saving. The man who practices economy is the man who is on the road to financial independence. This is one benefit not usually mentioned that comes to every member who joins one of our

Christmas Savings Clubs

GAY FROCKS FOR THE YOUNG GIRL

Increased Brilliancy of Wardrobes in Honor of Returning Soldiers.

BEST GOWNS FOR "FLAPPERS"

Street Clothes Proclaim Victory Like Trumpets, With Their Scarlet Coloration and Embroideries in Red and Black.

New York.—America has not yet found a fitting name for the girl of sixteen. The English call her the "flapper," and the Anglo-Saxon world uses the expression, whether or not it approves of it. In America it is not liked, but no one has risen to put this type of young person in a niche and give her a name.

And she is quite important, proclaims a fashion writer. She deserves a strong appellation—a quick, vibrant, significant name for her class, her type and her virility. We have buried under the cobwebs of oblivion the "sweet sixteen" phrase. Booth Tarkington has made the one word

place young girls' clothes in their salons. Youngsters who try to look like Mary Pickford are often used as mannequins, but they have not been a success, because the sixteen-year-old doesn't wish to look like Mary Pickford. She wouldn't be caught with curls down her back, a sweet smile, and chubby legs below a short skirt. She often produces the most extreme fashions, which her older sister and her mother copy. She is the type, one might claim, for all the fashions of the civilized world today. That's a sweeping statement, but just run over the gamut of fashionable clothes for the last five years and see if you don't come to that conclusion. The bobbed hair, the short skirt, the round neck, the baby sleeves, the sashes, the buttoned-down-the-back frocks, the short coats—these are the fashions that have ruled the world and have begun in the schoolroom.

What She Wears Today.

The youngster of sixteen chooses materials for her own clothes that are the same as those worn by her elders, whom she envies little these days, because she rules a world of her own, that everyone acknowledges. She doesn't have to dress herself up in long clothes and high head dresses and play that she is old. She has been known to grudgingly loan some of her clothes to her young married sister for an especially smart affair! She likes georgette crepe for her evening gowns, and therefore she wears a good deal of it. Velvetene has found her ap-



Spring suit for young girl, on the left. It is of tan-colored covert cloth, made with the new length of coat which is left open from neckline, in the Charles Stuart fashion. It is trimmed below the waist with brass buttons, and the lower sleeve is linked together with brass buttons. There is a cravat of the material. On the right is a tunic-suit for a young girl, of red wool jersey trimmed with bands of cream-colored jersey embroidered in red and black. The large hat is of cream jersey faced with red straw and trimmed with a red cord and tassel.

"seventeen" classify, at least for America, the youth of our land, with its awkward, stumbling tendencies toward manhood, its budding emotionalism sternly suppressed through pride and shame, its desire for girls' company, and its contempt for that desire. But if we applied the single word "sixteen" to that gay, ecstatic, poised, self-assured, highly educated, superintelligent, adventurous class of tall, slim things that spread over the land, usually setting the pace for their mothers' fashions, it would be puerile.

It is difficult to be pessimistic if one keeps close to the side of girls of that age. Their outlook on life, their faith in themselves and the world, their unbounded ability to find pleasure unaided by anyone else, renews youth in middle age. They are no longer creatures held on a leash. They are rarely asked to obey; they are constantly consulted by their mothers, and they usually take an intelligent part in the management of their home, its social environments, its financial expenditures, its ideals, and its ambitions.

Granting these things—and everyone does grant them who has had any close companionship with the typical American girl, it is natural that her interest in clothes should be strong, and not only strong but usually exceedingly good. She dresses herself, as a rule, better than her mother can dress her.

Many Cater to Girls.

Working downward—or upward, rather—through these psychological phases of girlhood among the Anglo-Saxons, and especially the North Americans, one finds the reason for the establishments of many successful dressmaking houses which cater to young girls. Few of the great establishments here or abroad neglect the "flapper." From the time she is twelve until she makes her bow to society at eighteen she is catered to by houses that expend much ingenuity and brilliancy of workmanship on her especial type of clothing.

Two of the important financial successes in the dressmaking world of New York started with the schoolgirl. Fifth avenue houses which cater to dowagers and sensational young matrons have determined this year to

proval, and she orders school frocks and afternoon dance frocks in it.

She has a tailored suit which was especially designed for her judgment, and which she accepted. It has a coat that covers her hips, is cut on a straight line with a slight flare out at the back, and does not fasten. She ties it at the neck with a stiff cravat made of ribbon, peltry, Chinese brocade, or the material of the coat. She may have six or eight of these cravats in her bureau drawer, or she hangs them on the electric light at the side of the bureau, in imitation of her brother. She likes her coat unfastened, for she never admits that she is cold. She has just escaped the hardening process of bare legs, bare arms and a cold nursery. The winter has no terrors for her and she dresses as she wishes, no matter what the thermometer.

Her Furs and Hats.

The "flapper" who is tall enough to carry a big fox around her neck is sure to come into possession of one. When her judgment goes against a big animal she chooses instead a squirrel, which rises about her face like the calyx of a flower and spreads downward over her shoulders, hugging them in the flat Victorian manner.

She has appropriated for her own use many accessories in peltry that the older woman has neglected. She knows the cleverness of a fur cravat and the medieval splendor of a fur girdle.

And, by the way, the "flappers" have no idea of being left out of the procession of those wearing Victory clothes. They have no shrinking about their costumery and what it signifies; they are instinctively psychological, and they wish to proclaim the side they took in the war by every manner of clothes that the dressmakers and milliners have thrown into the fashions to proclaim the day of peace.

So the "flapper" wears red—bright glowing, triumphant red. She doesn't hesitate a second in choosing several garments of it. She is not weighted down by the anxieties of her elders that certain colors must be taboo because age is drawing a map on the face.

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COUNTY AGENTS AIDED IN PRODUCTION OF FOOD

Seventy-Six Agricultural Agents are Now Regularly Employed in Indiana.

Lafayette, Ind., February 1—County agricultural agents played a big part in Indiana's splendid food production record in 1918, the report for the past year on county agent work shows.

"The work is growing rapidly and we now have 76 regularly employed county agents," said State Leader T. A. Coleman. "Several more counties have applications for men and there are only a few which will be without them by the end of the fiscal year, June 30."

A good example of the value of the work of the agents was in planting the corn crop last year. In spite of the worst seed shortage in the history of the state, 1,695,591 acres, a third of the total acreage in Indiana, was planted with tested seed, 70,529 farmers in the counties then having agents, testing their seed. The stand of corn obtained last summer was the best in history, because the men had selected their seed carefully and then eliminated the bad ears. A poor season, frost in June and drought in July and August, cut the yield much below the average, undoing a great deal of the good that had been done. The agents were able to supply thousands of bushels of seed for men who had been without it. As a result of the widespread interest in getting good seed, 66,964 of the 175,000 men in the 73 counties selected their seed last September and October from standing stalks and stored it properly in a dry place. This little piece of work will prevent a recurrence this spring of the 1918 disaster when the corn crop of the entire middle west was threatened by the seed shortage.

A total of 231,337 acres of wheat on 45,374 farms, were grown according to methods suggested by the county agents. The results of this work was everywhere apparent in the state last harvest, men using better methods invariably showing larger yields.

Enough seed oats to sow 233,727 acres on 28,470 farms was treated with formaldehyde last spring to wipe out smut. This work which was demonstrated in every county in the state, even where there was no agent, attracted unusual interest and aided in the oats yield considerably.

Various lines of crop improvement

work were taken up, the agents inducing 2727 farmers to treat their potato seed to prevent scab and other diseases which reduces the crop yield. These men planted 4844 acres of "spuds."

933 acres of sweet clover, 3,292 acres of alfalfa, 21,851 acres of soybeans, 793 acres of cowpeas, 217 acres of hairy vetch, 4960 acres of barley and 22,874 acres of rye were grown according to the agents' suggested methods. A total of 2,314 acres of beans and 175,968 acres of clover were grown at the agents' suggestion.

In addition to all these duties in helping production of the general field crops, the agents cared for or assisted the owner in caring for 487 orchards, showing when and how to spray properly, thus increasing the yield of the orchards.

This story tells briefly what the agents have done in the state the last year on crop improvement alone. They have been responsible to a large degree for the splendid records made by many farmers. Due to the work of the agents largely, the state has made greater strides in agricultural development during the last year or two than it ever did in a similar period before.

Notice to Hog Feeders.

Purdue advises the use of Feeding Tankage as a food and conditioner for hogs. We are making a guaranteed Feeding Tankage for this purpose and for balancing the ration which cannot be beat, see or write Buhner Fertilizer Co., Seymour, Ind.

Ten thousand Indiana farmers will keep record books of their business during 1919 in Purdue University books obtained from their local banks or the university. The 2,500 kept last year showed their value in making income tax returns and helping stop the leaks on the farms. By keeping an account, the farmers could find out exactly where they made money and where they lost. Many farmers in Jackson county who have never kept accurate accounts have opened a set of books as they found such records were essential in filing their income blanks.

Notice.

Having been released from military service, I will resume my practice in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and fitting glasses immediately.

d30dtf Dr. Chas. E. Gillespie.

Pleased Customers

are the most valuable asset in any business

BUSINESS MEN who have their stationery printed by the Seymour Republican's job department are pleased customers. The evidence is that they come back again and again.

National Bank Bond

Is a mighty satisfactory paper to use for letter heads. It has a good bond writing surface, strong texture, clear color, and all those desirable features that give tone to a business letter.

We have envelopes to match.

Call us by telephone and we will get your order before paper advances again

Seymour Daily Republican
Printing That Pleases

INTERSTATE PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

Seymour to Indianapolis

Hoosier Flyers leave Seymour for Columbus, Edinburg Franklin, Greenwood and Indianapolis at 9:18 and 11:18 a. m. and 1:18, 3:18, 6:18 and 8:18 p. m.

Local Cars leave Seymour for Indianapolis and all intermediate points at 6:55, 8:05, 9:55 and 11:55 a. m., and 1:55, 3:55, 5:18, 8:00, *10:45 and 11:40 p. m. Car marked *, runs to Greenwood only. Car marked x, runs to Columbus only.

For special service see Scott Hardin, local agent, or address Bert Weedon, G. F. & P. A., 510 Board of Trade, Indianapolis, Ind.

"SOUTH-EASTERN LINE"

CHICAGO, TERRE HAUTE AND SOUTHEASTERN RAILROAD COMPANY

North Bound—Daily: No. 2 leaves Seymour for Terre Haute and intermediate points at 6:30 a. m. No. 4 leaves Seymour for Terre Haute and intermediate points at 12:00 noon.

South Bound—Daily: No. 1 arrives in Seymour at 11:00 a. m. No. 3 arrives in Seymour at 5:40 p. m.

No. 28 mixed train Northbound, leaves Westport 8:30 a. m. arrives at Seymour 10:40 a. m., daily, except Sunday.

No. 27 mixed train Southbound, leaves Seymour 3:20 p. m., arrives Westport 6:00 p. m., daily, except Sunday.

For further information of time tables call on or write J. T. AVERITT, G. F. & P. A. E. MASSMAN, Agent. B. & O. Station, Chicago, Ill., Seymour, Ind.

Seymour to Louisville



Last Car Leaves Louisville 11:15 p. m.

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11 and 9:11 p. m.

Local Cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., *1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, *8:00 and *11:00 p. m. Cars Marked *, run to Scottsburg only.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE
TRACTION RAILWAY COMPANY

**Republican Classified
Advs. Are Always
Getting Results.....**

MONEY TO LOAN

As agent for Thomas C. Day & Co., Indianapolis, Indiana, I am prepared to make loans on real estate in Jackson County, in sums of \$500, and upward with interest at five and one half per cent., payable annually with prepayment privilege, in sums of \$100 and upward at any interest paying time.

Loans are usually made for five year periods, but terms can be arranged to suit your convenience. If you desire to secure a loan I shall be pleased to give you further information at any time. Write or call in person.

EDWARD D. LEWIS,
Rooms 1, 2 and 3, Loertz Building

SOCIAL EVENTS

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Findley entertained a number of little folks Friday afternoon from four until six o'clock at their home on South Poplar street, in honor of the ninth birthday anniversary of their little daughter, Madeline. The dining room was lighted with pink and white candles, a birthday cake with nine candles forming the center piece for the table. The color scheme of pink and white was carried out in the refreshments of cake and ice cream which were served. The favors were little baskets filled with candy, each containing a place card. The remainder of the afternoon was spent with games and music. Madeline received many beautiful presents.

The guests present were Mary Elizabeth Edwards, Kathryn Iams, Mary Margaret Barkman, Jessie Belle, Alma Belle, Charles, Marie, Marion and Lennie May Pfaffenberger, Margaret Jacobs, Louise and Pearl Weiler Anita Wolters, Lucille Bender, Mildred Bretthauer, Lois Gilbert, Dorothy Keach and Madeline Findley.

FOR MISS BURNS.

The following is taken from the Columbus Republican, Friday, January 31st:

Honoring Miss Margaret Burns, of Evansville, who is here visiting her sister, Mrs. Geoffrey Griffith, and family, Mrs. Ray Marr entertained guests for four tables of bridge yesterday afternoon at her home on Lafayette avenue. The high scores were made by Mrs. J. H. Andrews, Mrs. Donald DuShane and Mrs. John Peter. A dainty luncheon, served at the small tables, was an enjoyable concluding feature. The out of town guests were Mrs. J. H. Andrews, Mrs. John Peter and Mrs. Tip Blish, all of Seymour; Mrs. George Kahn, of Detroit, Mich., and Mrs. Dale Thompson, of Edinburg.

WINDHORST—HALL.

The First M. E. parsonage was the scene of a very quiet but impressive ceremony Friday evening at 7:30 when Miss Agnes Windhorst and John E. Hall were united in marriage by Rev. Chas. W. Whitman. They were accompanied by Miss Esther Grelle and Hal Branaman. The newly wedded couple left immediately for a wedding trip north. Mrs. Hall is the daughter of Henry H. Windhorst, 516 South Chestnut street. Mr. Hall is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Hall, east of the city, and conducts a storage battery business here. Both are well known young people of this city.

FRENCH CLUB.

Miss Leona McCann entertained the members of the French Club Friday evening at her home on East High street. The rooms were decorated with the club colors, green and silver. The evening was spent with sewing and socially. A two course luncheon was served later in the evening. The members of the club are Misses Leona McCann, Irene Heideman, Elsie Aufferberg, Hilda Steinwedel and Margaret Thoele. The next meeting will be held in two weeks at the home of Miss Irene Heideman, on South Walnut street.

EVENING BRIDGE.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Densford will entertain a company of friends this evening at their home on North Walnut street. Five tables of bridge will be at play. An attractive luncheon was served during the evening. The invited guests are Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Groub, Mr. and Mrs. John Groub, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Peter, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Rottman, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Voss, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Martin, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Billings, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Abele, and Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Kahin, of Detroit, Mich.

CLOVERLEAF CLUB.

The members of the Cloverleaf Club were delightfully entertained Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. George Thomas, on West Laurel street. A business meeting was held early in the afternoon, after which a social hour was enjoyed and a light luncheon served. Mrs. Jessie Leiland, of Madison, who is the guest of Mrs. T. R. Carter, and Mrs. Fred Heuser, of this city, were guests at the meeting.

INTER SE CLUB.

Miss Helen Clark entertained the members of the Inter Se Club this afternoon at her home on North Chestnut street. The afternoon was spent in the usual social manner and a light luncheon was served. Misses Alice Dixon and Loretta Bollinger, members of the club who are attending college in Indianapolis, were present at the meeting.

HE'DOVE CLUB.

Mrs. Martin Plump entertained the members of the He'Dove Club Friday evening at her home on St. Louis Avenue. The evening was spent with fancy work. A light luncheon was served. The members of the club are Misses Ora Groegge, Helen Brunow, Viola Ahlbrand, Eleanor Ahlbrand Esther Grelle and Mrs. Martin Plump.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Home Department Class No. 1 of the First Baptist church will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Sarah Edwards, corner Third and Blish streets.

M. E. MISSIONARY.

Called meeting of the Women's Home Mission Society after the Sunday morning service in the First M. E. church. Important business.

MONDAY MUSICAL.

The meeting of the Monday Musicales will be held Monday evening with Mrs. R. E. Harris, on North Poplar street.

COMING EVENTS.

Monday.

Westminster Guild of the Presbyterian church with Miss Mary Goodloe Billings, North Walnut street.

Monday Musicales with Mrs. R. E. Harris, North Poplar street.

Tuesday.

Loyal Devoir Society of the Central Christian church with Mrs. Maude Palmer, East Fifth street.

Catholic Aid Euchre Party in K. of C. Hall, Hancock building, (evening).

Wednesday.

Christian Missionary Society at the church at 2:30.

Eastern Star Club with Mrs. J. M. Hamer, N. Chestnut street, (afternoon).

Thursday.

St. Paul Ladies' Aid Society at the church. (afternoon)

Trinity M. E. Ladies' Aid Society in the Social Room at the Parsonage.

Woman's Foreign Mission Society of the First M. E. church with Mrs. L. T. Freeland, North Ewing street.

Home Department Class No. 1 of First Baptist church, with Mrs. Sarah Edwards, corner Third and Blish streets, (afternoon).

Friday.

Baptist Sewing Society at the church.

Christian Aid Society at the church.

Methodist Aid Society at the church parlors.

Amitie Club with Mrs. John Meyer, Central Avenue. (afternoon)

He'Dove with Miss Helen Brunow, Corner Brown and Poplar streets.

Milk Prices Lower.

Use more milk for health and vigor. Buy it by the quart for economy. Beginning Feb. 1, quarts 12c, pints 7c. f1d

Lutheran Church.

10 a. m. Regular service.
7 p. m. English service.
E. H. Eggers, pastor

OLYMPIC HAS WAR RECORD AS TRANSPORT

Has Carried 300,000 Persons Safely Across Atlantic Since 1914.

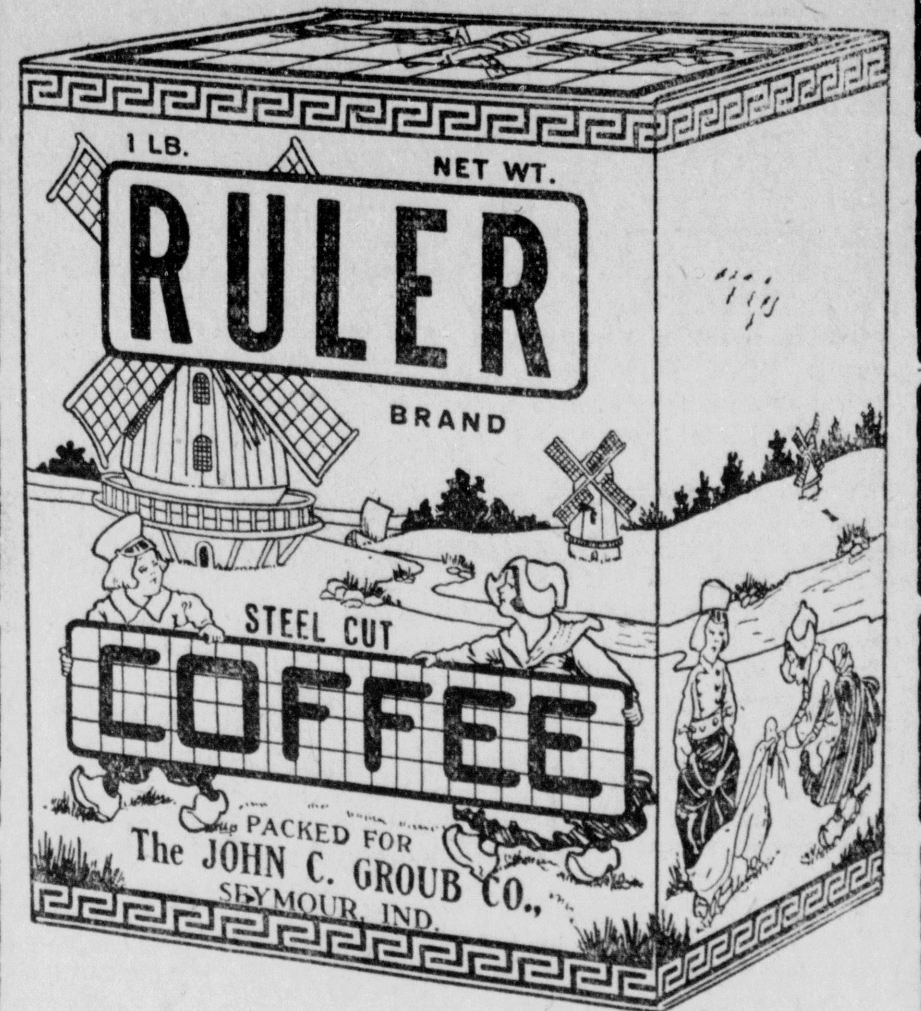
The White Star liner Olympic holds the war record as a transport, having transported 300,000 persons, mostly soldiers, safely since 1914. It was the Olympic that tried to tow the British warship Audacious into port after the latter had hit a mine. The Olympic took troops to Gallipoli, brought Chinese labor battalions to France and since Christmas, 1917, until the armistice was signed, carried American troops.

The Olympic, while carrying U. S. soldiers during March, April and May, was seven times attacked by U-boats, but not once did the enemy have time to launch a torpedo, owing to the sharp lookout kept and the wonderful seamanship of Captain Hayes, her commander, and work of the destroyers. The Olympic was armed with six-inch guns and used them effectively against U-boats.

The vessel is not without war scars, having bent some of her plates in ramming a U-boat, from which 28 members of the crew were made prisoner. This occurred in the early morning of a day last May, when a U-boat that carried a crew of 60 awaited in the semidarkness to torpedo the American troopship. The Olympic whirled about, almost like a racing yacht, and made for the U-boat, slicing off its nose. A six-inch shell was planted in the remainder of the craft as it drifted past. By the light of star shells a destroyer picked up 31 Germans, three of whom died.

The ENORMOUS INCREASE

In the sale of Ruler Steel Cut Coffee certainly proves that its merit has been established.



Packed in triple seal air tight packages which guarantees to you full strength and flavor.

INSIST ON RULER BRAND

RUNAWAY SCORE IS PILED UP BY S. H. S.

(Continued from first page)

ball to or throw it through the local basket.

Glen Keach was forced to play hard having a very promising little guard near him at all times and in the way continually. Despite this fact, Corman could not stay as close as he desired, permitting Keach to throw eight field goals and winning the title of star-point-getter of the game.

Christie, of Crothersville, was the star for his team, making six field goals and one foul, a total of 13 points and ranking second in the point-getting contest. Eckstein was close for second place, having six field goals to his credit. Robert Keach and James were tied for fourth place, each registering ten points. James can be depended upon at any place on the team. Hretofore he "starred" as a center and guard while last night he showed up very good as a forward when he relieved Robert Keach. Mercer and Cox, of Crothersville, were the remaining point getters, the former receiving three field goals and the latter two.

In the first half alone the locals had a safe lead considering the way they were playing. A score of 23 to 8 with the power to raise the score at will and still check their opponents is a very easy game. Taking it easy the second half, except the last few minutes when cheers arose for fifty points, the locals registered 31 points to their opponents 9. Although Crothersville lost the game, they are very happy because they held the locals in "check" so well.

Summary of the game is as follows:

Crothersville (17)	Seymour (54)
Cox, f	G. Keach, f
Christie, f	R. Keach, f
Cathcart, c	Eckstein, c
Corman, g	James, g
Ritz, g	Mercer, g

Substitutes—Seymour: Lewis for R. Keach.

Field goals—Crothersville: Christie, 6; Cox, 2. Seymour: G. Keach, 8; Eckstein, 6; James, 5; R. Keach, 3; Mercer, 3.

Foul goals—Crothersville: Christie, 1. Seymour: R. Keach, 4.

Referee: Ackerman, of Seymour.

The Christian S. S. defeated the Methodists in a curtainraiser by the score of 18 to 13. At the end of the first half the score stood 7 to 5 in favor of the Christians. The Methodists were unable to overcome this small lead however and in the second half registered but 8 points allowing their opponents 11. Personal fouls were very "thick" the Christians being forced to relieve two men for this reason. Diehl was the star of the game, making eleven of the eighteen points for his team. C. Banta was next registering eight

of the thirteen for his team. A feature of the game was a nice long shot from the center of the side line by Gardner.

Summary of the game is as follows:

Christian (18)	Methodist (13)
Able, f	C. Banta, f
Jullian, f	L. Banta, f
Diehl, c	McBride, c
Fenton, g	Gardner, g
Gottberg, g	Jones, g

Substitutes—Christian: Wilson for Jullian; Scharfenberger for Able.

Field goals—Christian: Diehl, 5; Fenton, 2; Jullian, 1. Methodist: C. Banta, 3; L. Banta, 1; Gardner, 1.

Foul goals—Christian: Diehl, 1; Fenton, 1. Methodist: C. Banta, 2; McBride, 1.

Referee—Lewis of S. H. S.

Notice to Poultry Feeders.

We sell Cut Meat and Bone for poultry. Poultry must have meat for health and growth and economical egg production.

Poultry must have bone for building up of a strong body, grain fed alone is too fattening and will not produce the greatest number of eggs, being deficient in protein, therefore it is absolutely necessary to furnish protein. Our Cut Meat and Bone furnishes this necessary protein in the most palatable and appetizing form in which it can be fed and our feeds will insure economical returns, why not give it a trial.

Manufactured and sold by
Bahner Fertilizer Co.,
m8wk&S Seymour, Ind.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO TAX BILL CONSIDERED

House Committee Judiciary A Getting Measure Ready for First Reading.

By United Press.
Indianapolis, Ind., February 1.—After several hearings on the proposed tax bill, members of house committee Judiciary A today were getting amendments which they will propose when the bill is reported, into shape.

It was considered practically certain that the committee will strike out the provision for a 75 per cent. deduction on intangibles. This has not met with a great deal of opposition among all classes of people.

The bill will probably be amended to leave the time of assessment at March 1 instead of Jan. 1, as proposed in the original bill. Farmers appearing before the committee objected strenuously to making the assessment time Jan. 1.

The committee will probably recommend that the bill be amended so as to provide a clean slate in regard to back taxes.

Republican Want Ads Pay.

"Say it with Flowers"

Whatever the occasion—a birth, a death, a joy, a sorrow—you can best show your pleasure or sympathy by saying it with flowers.

Flowers sent by wire anywhere. We are as near to you as your telephone.

"Say it with Flowers"

SeymourGreenhouses

Phone 58

Look! Look!

Make your Closet Bowl Spotless Odorless and Sanitary

Steri-foam 15c can
Commode Brushes 10c each

CARTER PLUMBING CO.

115 S. Chestnut St.

Sweaters

COAT AND PULL-OVER STYLES

\$1.50

and up to \$18.00

For this time of the year a Sweater is a real necessity; it's one of the most practical garments any person can own; neat, dressy, stylish, comfortable and serviceable. We have a big line of Sweaters, from \$1.50 up to \$18.00. Heavy Jumbo and shaker knit, coat and pull-over styles, plain colors and combinations. Let us show them to you.

BOYS' SWEATERS—all styles and colors. at \$1.50 to \$5.00.

A. Steinwedel

The Store of Satisfaction.

SEYMOUR'S  STORE

Still More Specials

We Don't Have to Explain—Our Prices Talk

Arbuckle Coffee, lb.25c	Candies, Chocolate & all.30c lb
Calumet and Rumford Baking Powder, 1 lb. can.25c	Pickle Pork, lb.25c
Buckwheat flour, lb.10c	Oysters, fresh, pint.35c
Loose Rolled Oats, 2 lb.15c	All 10c Tobacco, 3 for.25c
Loose Oat Meal, 2 lb.15c	Belle Syrup, 10 lb bucket.75c
Rice, full head, 2 lbs.25c	Mansfield Milk, per can.6c
Raisins, per box.10c	Pet Milk, large can.14c
Prunes, lb.10c	Pet Milk, small can.7c
Strauberry Beans, lb.10c	Country lard, lb.28c
Mackerel, each.15c	Compound lard, lb.26c
White Line Washing Powder, per box.5c	Jowl, Sugar Cured, lb.28c
Daylight Soap, bar.5c	Nut Oleomargarine, lb.32c
Swift White Laundry Soap.6c	New Orleans Molasses, gal. \$1.20
Jelly in bulk, lb.15c	Hominy Flake, lb.8c
Peanut Butter, lb.20c	Cracked Hominy, lb.6c
Sal Soda for breaking hard water, 2 lb.5c	Potatoes, home grown, bush. \$1.50
Old Reliable Coffee, lb.35c	Matches, Searchlight, box.6c
Brick Cheese, lb.50c	Matches, Double Dip, box.5c
Cream Cheese, lb.50c	Mazola oil, gallon.\$2.50
	Mazola oil, 1/2 gallon.\$1.35
	Mazola oil, quart.75c
	Home Made Kraut, 2 lb.15c

HOADLEY'S FOR CUT PRICES

Phone 26. 117-119 South Chestnut St.

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.

Mill Work and Building Material
Paints and Oil
Builders Hardware

Phone 19. 413 S. Chestnut St. Seymour, Indiana.

SAVE—W. S. S.—SERVE

VON FANGE Granite Co.

MONUMENTS MARKERS

Seymour, Indiana

BUY THRIFT STAMPS

Anna E. Carter

NOTARY PUBLIC

Office at the Daily Republican
Office, 108 West Second St.

SECURITY

The fundamental Service of a Bank is the furnishing of Security.

Security of your funds,
Security of your valuables,
Security of your credit,
Security of your Investments.

Consult and Bank with us. We accept this Responsibility.

RELIABILITY

The First National Bank

SEYMOUR, IND.

STRENGTH

ACCOMMODATION

SERVICE

PERSONAL

Mrs. Clara Rust went to Browns-town this morning.

Louis Koop, of route 4, transacted business in this city today.

John Able, of Bedford, was in Seymour Friday on business.

T. W. Spall, of rural route 2, was a business visitor here today.

Everett Roberts, of Cortland, was a business caller in town today.

Cecil Shields, of Redding town ship, was here today shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Dickmeyer, of Vallonia, were in Seymour today.

F. M. Thompson, of Vallonia, was a business caller here this morning.

Misses Grace Taskey and Luella Brandt spent the day in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Clifford Stotz, of Browns-town, was in this city this morning.

August Moorman, of Cortland, transacted business in this city today.

Mrs. George Foist, of Redding township, was here today shopping.

Edward Bode, of route 3, was a business visitor in this city this morning.

Mrs. A. J. Haskett, of Redding township, was in Seymour today shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Edmondson spent the day in Brownstown with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Ford Reed, of Free-town, were shopping visitors in this city today.

Miss Grace Johnson returned this morning to Shoals after a short visit in this city.

Lowry Foster, of Redding town-ship, was a business caller in Sey-mour today.

Mrs. J. W. Buhner went to Mad-ison this morning for a short visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Finke, of Sulphur Springs, were in Seymour today shopping.

Mrs. Thos. Johnston left this morning for a short visit with relatives in Aurora.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Dickmeyer, of Vallonia, were shopping visitors in this city today.

C. H. Steinkamp, of near Farm-ington, was a business visitor in Seymour today.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Carrice and son, of Shoals, were in this city this morning shopping.

Miss Esther Doane left this morning for a week-end visit with relatives in Cincinnati.

Miss Lillie Kahrs went to Flem-ings this morning for a week-end visit with her parents.

Milton Barkman has returned from Crothersville where he spent several days surveying.

Frank Weller left Friday after-noon for Salem where he will spend the week-end with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Sage and chil-dren left this morning for Lovett for a several days' visit with relatives.

Peter Dressendorfer and daughter, Miss Lena, of Redding township, were shopping visitors here today.

Mrs. Louis Gossman, of Browns-town, went to Chicago this morning for a short visit with her daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Stanley, of In-dianapolis, came today to attend the funeral of Mrs. Ellsworth Champion.

Harry and Otto Naylor, of Wash-ington, are visiting Laura B. Catt street.

Miss Bernice Hawkins returned this morning to her home in Shoals after a week's visit with Mrs. J. B. Purkhiser.

Nancy Brooks, who lives near Hayden, returned to her home this morning after a short visit with relatives in this city.

Misses Gladys Martin and Anna Lee Colvin, of Brownstown, were in this city this morning for several hours shopping.

Ed Davis and little daughter, of Indianapolis, came this morning to attend the funeral of Mrs. Ells-worth Champion.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McClain and Mrs. J. E. Nash, of Franklin, motor-ed here this morning to attend the Champion funeral.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Buhner of near Sauers, left this morning for Ra-cine, Wis., where they will visit Mr. and Mrs. Emil Buhner.

Mrs. E. S. Sutherland will leave to-morrow for Salem where she will spend several weeks with her daugh-ter, Mrs. W. O. Marks.

Mary Huber, of Freetown, went to Reddingtown this morning, where she will be the guest of her daugh-ter, Mrs. Roxie Miller.

Mrs. C. E. Zwilling, of Marys-ville, Mo., returned to her home this morning after visiting relatives at Brownstown and vicinity.

Mrs. John Gardiner, of Washing-ton, who has been the guest of Mrs. Harry Smith for the past several days, returned to her home this morning.

W. F. Stewart, of Crothersville, spent the day in this city the guest of his sister, Mrs. Louisa Campbell,

LISTEN TO THE EVERWELLS



Like Washington I cannot lie - I keep my health so I won't die!
Pa Everwell

Your health is a very serious matter and should be regarded as such. Don't neglect the little pains and aches that perhaps are telling you of a more serious ill-ness that is on its way.

MAXON PHARMACY

25 S. Chestnut St.
(Pellens' Old Stand.)

CENTRAL GARAGE AND AUTO CO.

Agents for
Hudson, Buick, Studebaker, Dort Automobiles and Indiana Trucks

—REBUILT AUTOS AND TRUCKS OF ALL KINDS—

Full Line of Tires

AJAX, GOODYEAR, KELLY-SPRINGFIELD AND OTHERS

—ACCESSORIES OF ALL KINDS—
BEST OF OILS, GREASES AND GASOLINE
Alcohol for Radiators

—BEST REPAIR AND SERVICE STATION IN THE CITY—
Transportation and Taxi Service—Call on or Phone 70

CENTRAL GARAGE AND AUTO COMPANY, Seymour, Ind.

13 West Third St., Rear of Postoffice Bldg.

THE COUNTRY STORE

East Second St.

SPECIALS

THE BON MARCHE

Third and Chestnut.

Home Made Buckwheat Flour, per lb.10c	Armour's Banquet Bacon, sugar cured, lb.45c
Bulk Rolled Oats, 2 lb for.15c	Fresh Peanuts, lb.20c
Flake Hominy, 3 lb for.25c	Bologna Sausage, lb.20c
Long Head Rice, 2 lb for.25c	Large can Tomatoes for.20c
Best Grade New Orleans Molasses, Fresh Barrel just opened (at Country Store only) per gallon.\$1.25	Good Quality Brooms, 75c grade, 5 dozen only, on sale, each. 59c
Bulk Kraut, lb.10c	10 bars Lenox Soap for 59c or 6c bar.
Dill Pickles, doz.20c	10 bars Queen White Soap for 49c or 5c a bar.
Large can Kraut, 2 for.25c	Palm Olive or Jap Rose Toilet Soap, 3 bars for.29c
Large can Pumpkin, 3 for.25c	

RAY R. KEACH

Grain, Feed, Seeds, Flour

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR GRAIN AND SEEDS OF ALL KINDS. WE PAY TOP MARKET PRICES.

WE HANDLE A COMPLETE LINE OF FEED, SEEDS AND SPRING WHEAT FLOUR.

We are now exchanging 38 pounds of flour to the 1 bushel of wheat.

We can now furnish you with ENTERPRISE flour.

FARMERS HOMINY MILL

SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

Joyful January

Wintry it may be, yet Janu-ary brings us joy and hope with the promise of better things. Should your nose get frosty, rub it with a snowball and Nyal Face Cream. Joyful relief will follow. Nyal cream is a true winter friend. 25 and 50 cents.

COX'S PHARMACY

Phone 100

make good a deficit growing out of these contracts and as a result the millions of dollars must be made up by assessment of arbitrary tolls in all parts of the county. These tolls go to the Washington govern-ment and not to the local company so the natural conclusion is that they are needed to make good a leak somewhere resulting from govern-ment control as compared with "con-ditions under private control.

Such a storm of protest has arisen over the enforcement of the rule not only in Jackson county but in other counties as well that District Super-visor Farwell suggested the suspen-sion of the order pending his trip to Washington. This will give a

breathing spell for a day or two, possibly longer. Meanwhile added protests filed by letters sent to the government should be made to indi-cate how unpopular the unnecessary orders are proving.

coal

ANTHRACITE COAL
48 HR. OVEN COKE
(Rescreened at our yards)

EASTERN LUMP COAL
EASTERN EGG COAL
INDIANA LUMP COAL
INDIANA EGG COAL
INDIANA MINE RUN COAL

Phone No. 4

EBNER ICE AND COLD STOR-AGE COMPANY

"A Sack of Flour"

is the kind that grocers buy for less to sell to those who don't know the difference. Discrimi-nating people, who are particular about what they eat, ask for

Colonial Flour

We stake our reputation on it.

Blish Milling Company

"Millers in Colonial Days"

West Fourth street, on his way to his home after a short visit with Mrs. Henry Kattman, in Browns-town.

Mrs. H. E. Miller and two sons, Mack and William Thomas, of In-dianapolis, who have been the guests of her sister, Mrs. Joe McOsker and other relatives in Brownstown for the past few days, returned to their home this morning.

Country cured shoulders, hams, side meat. Low prices. Ray R. Keach.

TELEPHONE TOLLS MAY BE SUSPENDED

(Continued from first page)

twoen points shown below. Please correct your Toll Tariff Book and enter new rate in the special rate column on your rate charts.

"Seymour to—Cortland, Peter's Switch and Reddington.

"Surprise to—Brownstown and Cortland.

"Brownstown to—Vallonia, Sur-prise and Tampico.

"Clearspring to—Kurtz and Freetown.

"Cortland to—Surprise, Seymour and Peter's Switch.

"Crothersville to—Austin.

"Freetown to—Kurtz and Clear-spring.

"Kurtz to—Clearspring and Freetown.

"Medora to—Vallonia.

"Peter's Switch to—Seymour, Cortland, Jonesville and Redding-ton.

"Reddington to—Peter's Switch, Seymour and Jonesville.

"Tampico to—Brownstown and Crothersville.

"Vallonia to—Medora and Brownstown.

"U. S. Telegraph & Telephone Ad-ministration."

On January 30 the local telephone company received a letter which su-pervisor Farwell confirmed as official authority for putting the toll rates in effect after they had been held up for several days. This letter dated January 30, says:

"This is in connection with our no-tice to you of recent date to disre-gard new rates and instructions issued effective January 21, 1919, as to rates in effect between two points both of which are in the State of Indiana.

"Effective as of 6:00 p. m. Janu-ary 29, 1919, use new rates as shown in the "First Reference List" and "Instructions" issued under date of January 21, 1919.

"Issued by H. S. Brooks, General Commercial Superintendent."

In an interview Mr. Griffiths states that his sole purpose in handling the local telephone business for the gov-ernment is to carry out the orders which Mr. Burleson issues as he understands them. The toll rates are in effect, he says, in ninety per-cent, of the counties of the state, and the few remaining counties have placed another interpretation on the Burleson order. Mr. Griffiths says he has recommended that if the toll charges made during the past two days are not according to the gov-ernment order that they be refund-ed.

The Republican can find no satis-factory reason why the Burleson administration should come into local communities like Jackson county where free service has been satis-factory and impose an arbitrary toll system when neither the local com-pany nor the people desire such a change. The only plausible expla-nation is that the government may have made exorbitant rental con-tracts with the big telephone systems just as was done with the railroads while the war was on. The post-office knows that no appropriation can be expected from Congress to



The Quickening Word

By REV. HOWARD W. POPE
Moody Bible Institute,
Chicago

TEXT—For the Word of God is alive and powerful.—Heb. 4:12.



It has been well said of the Bible, that there are many books which inform, some few that reform, but this book transforms. Here is a striking illustration of it:

A man arose in our inquiry meeting one night and said that his two sons had been converted the night before, and he wished the Lord could do something for him. He was a confirmed drunkard, according to the testimony of all who knew him. I showed him from Revelation 3:20 that Jesus stood knocking at the door of his heart, and that if he would surrender to him absolutely, Jesus would enter his heart and enable him to live a victorious life.

I showed him from Hebrews 7:25, that Jesus was able to save to the uttermost; from Jude 24, that he was able to keep him from falling; and from 1 Corinthians 10:33, that his temptation was not peculiar; and furthermore that "God would not suffer him to be tempted above that he was able." I explained to him that God had made provision for all the possible temptations that he could meet, and that not only was he able to give him victory over them, but he guaranteed to carry him through life successfully, and to present him at last "faultless."

Upon inquiring as to how he would know that Jesus had entered his life, I showed him from John 14:21, that if he would obey the commandments of Jesus, Jesus would reveal himself to him, that he would know that he had entered his life and was actually reproducing his own glorious life in him.

With this explanation the man knelt down and accepted Christ as his Saviour. That was twenty-five years ago, but I have reason to believe that he has never touched liquor from that time to this. On the other hand, he began to grow in grace and spiritual power. He led his wife to Christ and his two daughters. He led his brother to Christ, who was as hard a drinker as he himself was.

He began to read the Bible, and wherever he found a promise, he accepted it as the Word of God. Wherever he found a commandment he made it his business to obey it. His aim seemed to be to live out the Word of God literally in his own daily conduct and conversation. Finding a passage which told him that his body was the temple of the Holy Ghost, he said, "If my body is a temple of the Holy Ghost, what right have I to defile it with tobacco?" And straightway he threw away his pipe and tobacco. No one had spoken to him about the subject, but the Holy Spirit.

Reading Matthew 5:22-24, he said, "I have one enemy, but he is a desperate fellow. He would be liable to shoot me if I should enter his house. However, I must go, for this is the Word of God." The first day that he could get away, he went and knocked at the door of his enemy's house. The latter saw him coming and locked the door in his face. Finding that he could not enter, he spoke through the closed door and said, "You are my enemy. I have been converted and have become a Christian. My Master tells me that if I have an enemy, it is my duty to seek him out and try to effect a reconciliation. I have come for that purpose." The man could not meet that kind of argument, and at once opened the door, and in a little while a reconciliation was effected.

He was especially successful in personal work, and he kept constantly at it. In fact, one of the most earnest Christians in the community told me he thought that this man did more personal work than any other Christian in the community, not excepting the ministers.

About two years ago I was on a train in Connecticut, when I was surprised to hear my name mentioned. Turning about I saw my old friend, the one-time drunkard. He told me that he did a good deal of evangelistic work, although he still continued working in the factory. He said that he had been holding meetings in a nearby city, and God had greatly blessed him in the matter of conversions. He had a tent which he took with him, and his daughter accompanied him as his singer, and he introduced me to the latter, a fine, intelligent looking young woman.

The change in this man's life was as much a miracle as the healing of the lame or the blind by the Master, but it was wrought about by the simple Word of God, and anyone can work miracles of this kind.

Why should we preach the vain reasonings and speculations of men when we have the transforming Word of God?

Park Mission.

Sunday school meets every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. We would be glad to have you meet with us. We sing old time hymns and make you feel at home. You will always find a welcome at this Sunday school. We have good teachers for each class. Remember the contest between Mrs. McMurray's and Miss Monroe's classes and also in the primary department. If you have no place to go tomorrow afternoon come out and worship with us.

Grover C. Marquett, Supt.

Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday School at 9:00. Church service at 10:30. Sermon subject, "Celestial Citizenship." Epworth League devotional meeting at 7:00. Gospel service at 7:30. Subject, Peter's Confession, "Thou knowest that I love Thee."

Wednesday evening prayer meeting at the church and Friday evening at Louis Kastings.

Wm. Weiler, minister.

Woodstock Baptist.

Sunday school at 2 o'clock. Junior Union at 6:30. Young people's meeting at the same hour. Young people will have charge of the evening service at 7:30.

Junior choir practice Tuesday and Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. For Heart Sunday choir practice at the home of Mrs. Walter Chastain.

Bible class meets with Mrs. John Carter Tuesday evening at 7:30. Come and bring your friends.

St. Ambrose Catholic Church.

Low Mass at 8 o'clock. High Mass at 10 o'clock. Instruction in Catechism at 2:30. Vesper service and Benediction at 3:00 o'clock.

United Brethren Church.

Sunday School 9:00 a. m. Preaching service at 10:30 a. m.

Glenlawn Mission.

Glenlawn Mission at 2:30 each Sunday afternoon.

South-West Mission.

Sunday School at 2:00 o'clock each Sunday afternoon.

RANK HIGH IN POLITENESS

Belgians Unable to Forget Courtesies Though Death in Appalling Form Was Imminent.

The Belgians are the most polite people in the world. Yesterday seven correspondents traveled to Audenarde. We were informed that we might cross the Escut and proceed in the direction of Ghent. As our two motor cars came over the ridge before entering the town they were spotted by an eagle-eyed observer in the German lines, and as we reached the entrance of the town and left from our cars, preparing to enter on foot, a shell whizzed over our heads and exploded dully in a rain-soaked field 50 yards beyond the road. Another followed about the same distance short. Then they came so fast that I lost count. Gas shells they were, and we donned our masks and made for the cars.

The lieutenant in charge of our party bowed to the oldest correspondent and bade him enter the car. The latter, being Belgian, in turn bowing to his neighbor, motioned him into the car. He demurred, and then followed some Alphonse and Gaston moving pictures until someone motioned to me to enter the car. I did. Then they all piled in. And as we raced down the road two Thielts shells spitefully splattered along the muddy road.

Like a Stream.

All events are like a stream of water flowing past, a stream without color and without form. Each one dips in her little bowl and straightway the water takes on the shape and reflects the color of the vessel.—Maeterlinck.

Duty for All.

I am sure that it is a duty for all of us to aim at a just appreciation of various points of view, and that we ought to try to understand others rather than to persuade them.—A. C. Benson.

Help From Nature Study.

The study of nature is well pleasing to God, and is akin to prayer. Learning the laws of nature, we magnify the first inventor, the designer of the world; and we learn to love him, for great love of God results from great knowledge.—Leonardo da Vinci.

Think First Upon God.

In the morning, when you awake, accustom yourself to think first upon God, or something in order to his service; and at night, also, let him close thine eyes.—Jeremy Taylor.

Sunday School Union.

The regular meeting of the Sunday School Union will be held at the Presbyterian church Monday evening promptly at 7:30. The departmental conferences will meet with the following leaders:

Primary, Miss Mylrea Findley.
Junior, Mrs. C. P. Laupher.
Intermediate, Miss Frances Teckemeyer.

Senior Rev. W. Carroll.
Adult, Prof. T. A. Mott.
Superintendents, Ray R. Keach.

Following the departmental conferences the general session will be held using the second lesson of the text book. This lesson will be taught by Miss Katherine Jackson.

The executive committee will meet at 7:10 to attend to several matters of business.

Forty-seven were present at the last meeting of the Union. Every Sunday School worker in Seymour is invited to attend and profit by these meetings. Help make the total seventy-five.

The First Baptist Church.

Railroad Men Attention!!!

The pastor and members of this church invite the Railroad Men of Seymour—their families and friends—to be our guests Sunday nights during February. Special music, special courtesy and special sermons are planned for your benefit.

"The Railroad Sermons" will be the subject of the February series and the special themes are as follows:

February 2....."Orders"
February 9....."Up Grade"
February 16....."A Wreck"
February 23...."On A Siding"

This is "The Church for Folks" and we urge you to bring your folks with you.

The Sunday School is at 9:15 a. m. The Men's Bible Class must average 35 to measure up to the quota set for us by the Men's Bible Class Campaign. We have an interesting school from the Primary to the Adult Department. Come.

The Morning Worship is at 10:30 a. m. Communion and Reception of Members.

Young People's Meeting at 6:30 p. m. The discussion is in line with Christian Endeavor Day and the subject will be "The Best Things in Christian Endeavor."

Frederick Arthur Hayward, Pastor.

First M. E. Church.

Charles W. Whitman, Minister.
The Sabbath School will convene tomorrow morning at 9:15, with L. C. Griffiths, superintendent, in charge.

The regular preaching service both morning and evening. The pastor will preach for the morning service and Dr. L. T. Freeland, district superintendent, will preach for the evening service. The choir will render special music. With this beautiful weather we shall expect large attendance at all these services. The public is cordially invited to worship with us.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society will meet Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. L. T. Freeland, North E. in gstreet.

Christian Science.

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Sunday service at 10:45 a. m.

Testimonial meetings every Wednesday from 7:30 to 8:30 p. m. To our services and to the reading room the public is cordially invited and welcome.

Church of Christ.

Edward Krangs, of Sellersburg, will fill his regular appointment Sunday morning and evening. Bible study at 10 a. m.

Corner Sixth and Chestnut.

First Presbyterian Church.

James Harold More, Pastor.

9:15—Sunday School. The members of the Brotherhood are urged to be present to meet Judge Chaney Synodical chairman of Men's Work.

10:30—Morning worship. The pastor will speak on "The Unification of the Church." A plea for church unity.

3:30—Men's Mass Meeting. A meeting for men only, addressed by Judge Chaney of Sullivan, Ind. Special music. Admission free.

7:30—Evening service. Address by Judge Chaney on "The War and Its Results." An inspiring message by a well known orator. All are cordially invited.

Monday 7:30—Second session of the School of Religious Education. Monday 7:30—Westminster Circle meets at the home of Mrs. C. D. Billings.

Wednesday Mid-week Meeting. Study of the Lord's Prayer. "Forgive us our Debts" will be the theme.

Friday—Scout Anniversary Day. Banquet for the parents and entertainment following for guests at the Shields High School.

Coming—Sunday, February 9th—Scout Memorial Service.

St. Paul's Congregational Church.

Sabbath School meets at 9:15. Every scholar should be present, on time, with a studied lesson. We must keep up our high standard of efficiency. Everybody push.

Preaching 10:30. Subject of sermon, "The greatest thing in heaven or on the earth." Special music.

Evening service, 7:30. We try to make our evening service a restful service. Have you attended any of them? Better come and see how you will enjoy them. Subject of discourse, "What is man." Now what do you think he is?

Ladies Aid hold their regular coffee in the school room on Thursday at 2 p. m. All ladies are requested to be present.

Regular monthly board meeting Tuesday evening. Members of the board are requested to arrange their business so as to be able to attend this meeting.

O. G. Misamore, pastor.

Central Christian Church.

Remember Our Goal.

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Ray R. Keach, Superintendent. Let us have another big Sunday School and keep up our splendid record of the past few weeks. Special song service by the Junior choir.

Communion and preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Special music by the choir.

Monday evening official board meeting at Ray R. Keach's office. Tuesday evening the Loyal Devoir Society will meet with Mrs. Maude Palmer, East Fifth street.

Wednesday evening the regular midweek prayer service.

Friday afternoon the Ladies' Aid will meet at the church.

W. J. Carroll, Pastor.

Nazarene Church.

Rev. L. M. Fogg and wife, of Haverhill, Mass., will begin special revival meetings Sunday morning. They have held very successful meetings all through the east and as far west as Nebraska and South Dakota. He has worked with the National Holiness Association conducting their singing at times. They conducted meetings through the summer using a large tabernacle and small tents for their workers. These services will continue all through the week except Saturday night. You are cordially invited to attend.

Two Big Sunday Meetings

Presbyterian Church

Sunday, Feb. 2nd,

3:30 P. M., MASS MEETING
FOR MEN ONLY

Addressed by

JUDGE JOHN C. CHANEY

of Sullivan, Ind.

Special
Music

Admission
Free

AND

7:30 P. M., OPEN MEETING

Address on

"The War and Its Results"

An Inspiring Message
by Judge Chaney

All Are Cordially
Invited

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

IT MUST BE RATIFIED.

By MRS. WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
Tune: "The King's Business."

The states are free to say
They will be dry for aye,
For congress passed an act
That makes our hopes a fact,
With power to right the wrong,
With voices clear and strong,
The temperance forces sing this song:

CHORUS:

This is the message that we bring,
O, make the very welkin ring:
It can be ratified,
It must be ratified,
It shall be ratified this year.

To save our boys from sin,
To give them strength to win
The battles o'er the sea
Where many perils be;
To save the homes we love,
To guide our thoughts above,
The temperance forces sing this song:

(Chorus)

Then work from sea to sea
And make the country free;
Vote for the men who stand
For home and native land.
To every candidate
In every doubtful state
The temperance forces sing this song:

(Chorus)

DETROIT UNDER PROHIBITION.

"Detroit, the biggest dry city in the United States, is more prosperous than ever before," asserts Zach Farmer in a paper issued by the Detroit Real Estate board. "This is the consensus of authoritative opinion, deduced from an analysis of general conditions existing at the present time as compared to the pre-dry period. From all outward appearances a casual observer would never suspect that the 'Motor City' had once been one of the most flourishing hangouts of old demon 'Booze.' Briefly, the present situation is as follows: Seldom does one hear a conversation in which the absence of liquor is lamented. Many of the former saloons have been converted into soft drink emporiums and restaurants. Most of the vacancies created by suspension of the liquor business have been reoccupied and realtors, almost without exception, state that the real estate situation has not been impaired. To the contrary, in many instances, property values have been strengthened through the exit of illegitimate and the entrance of legitimate business in some sections of the city. The old rule of fear that the elimination of a saloon in a business block would mean a loss of business on both sides, has been dissipated."

WORLD PROHIBITION.

With the near approach of constitutional prohibition for the United States, and coincident with the close of the war, November 11, 1918, believing the time ripe for an intensive campaign for world prohibition, Miss Anna A. Gordon, president of the National Woman's Christian Temperance union, and one of the honorary secretaries of the World's W. C. T. U., rallied the forces of this great organization to renewed high endeavor by sending out from Evanston, Ill., this stirring proclamation:

"Proclamation for World Prohibition: 'World democracy, world peace and world patriotism demand world prohibition.'

"Representatives of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of the United States, a republic about to write prohibition in its constitutional law, we hereby call upon the peoples of all faiths and of all organizations in the world's family of nations, to clasp hands with the World's W. C. T. U., and help bring to full fruition its hope and its heroic service of 35 years on behalf of a sober world. Science declares against alcohol. Health, conservation and business prosperity demand total abstinence and prohibition. Together let us agitate, educate, organize and legislate, until the exalted vision of the founder of the World's W. C. T. U., Frances E. Willard, is realized; until the gospel of the golden rule of Christ is worked out in the customs of society and in the laws of every land.

"At the close of the devastating world war, in the white heat of the limitless, unparalleled opportunities of a new internationalism, depending upon the help of God and of all who love humanity we hereby proclaim, by the year 1925, the triumph of world prohibition.

"Rest Cottage, Evanston, Illinois, U. S. A.
"November 11, 1918."

PITY POOR PENROSE.

Says Penrose of Pennsylvania to Sheppard of Texas: "Under the amendment would it be possible to obtain a bottle of wine with a physician's prescription?"

Says Sheppard of Texas: "I think it would be possible."

Says Penrose of Pennsylvania: "Then I see a ray of hope. I know a couple of physicians who are pretty good sports."

The senator will see more than that after he has taken in the two bottles of wine. He will be like the man holding on to a lamp-post who said to the policeman: "What's th' use of two lamp-posts and two lights?" "My friend," replied the policeman, "in your condition you want to believe just half of what you see."—Temperance.

REVIVAL MEETINGS

—AT—

THE NAZARENE CHURCH BEGINNING SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 2ND, 1919.

Evangelist L. N. Fogg and Wife
Of Haverhill, Mass., in Charge

Services Sundays 10:30 and 7:30; Each Evening at 7:45 Except Saturday

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED

C. P. LANPHER, Pastor, 207 North Walnut Street.
Phone 64



RAINBOW'S END

A NOVEL
BY REX BEACH
AUTHOR OF
"THE IRON TRAIL" "THE SPOILERS" "HEART OF THE SUNSET" ETC.

Colonel Lopez nodded; then he said gravely: "Cobo takes no prisoners. I was in the Rubi hills at the time, fighting hard, and it was six weeks before I got back into Matanzas. Naturally, when I heard what happened, I tried to find the girl, but Weyler was concentrating the pacificos by the time, and there was nobody left in the Yumuri; it was a desert."

"Then you don't know positively that she . . . that she—"

"Wait. There is no doubt that the boy was killed, but of Rosa's fate I can only form my own opinion. However, one of Esteban's men joined my troops later, and I not only learned something about the girl, but also why Esteban had been so relentlessly pursued. It was all Cobo's doings. You have heard of the fellow? No? Well, you will." The speaker's tone was eloquent of hatred. "He is worse than the worst of them—a monster! He had seen Miss Varona. She was a beautiful girl."

"Go on!" whispered the lover.

"I discovered that she didn't at first obey Weyler's edict. She and the two negroes—they were former slaves of her father, I believe—took refuge in the Pan de Matanzas. Later on, Cobo's men made a raid and—killed a great many. Some few escaped into the high ravines, but Miss Varona was not one of them. Out of regard for Esteban I made careful search, but I could find no trace of her."

"And yet you don't know what happened?" O'Reilly ventured. "You're not sure?"

"No, but I tell you again Cobo's men take no prisoners. When I heard about that raid I gave up looking for her."

"This—Cobo,"—the American's voice shook in spite of his effort to hold it steady—"I shall hope to meet him some time."

Remember Tonsiline

TONSILINE is the National Sore Throat Remedy—it is sold in every State in the Union. Most people buy a bottle occasionally because most people occasionally have Sore Throat. They buy it for the prompt, welcome relief it brings to sufferers from this malady. You can forget Sore Throat if you will only remember TONSILINE and get the bottle NOW that waits for you at your druggists.

Look for the long necked fellow on the bottle when you get it.

35 cents and 60 cents. Hospital Size, \$1.00.

HOW WEAK, NERVOUS WOMEN QUICKLY GAIN VIGOROUS HEALTH AND STRONG NERVES 7 A DAY FOR 7 DAYS

A Vigorous, Healthy Body, Sparkling Eyes and Health-Colored Cheeks Come in Two Weeks, Says Discoverer of Bio-feren.

World's Grandest Health Builder Costs Nothing Unless It Gives to Women the Buoyant Health They Long For.

It is safe to say that right here in this big city are tens of thousands of weak, nervous, run-down, depressed women who in two weeks' time could make themselves so healthy, so attractive and so keen-minded that they would compel the admiration of all their friends.

The vital health building elements that these despondent women lack are all plentifully supplied in Bio-feren.

The sudden fury that filled Colonel Lopez' face was almost hidden by the gloom. "Yes, Oh, yes!" he cried, quickly, "and you are but one of a hundred; I am another. In my command there is a standing order to spare neither Cobo nor any of his assassins; they neither expect nor receive quarter from us. Now, companero"—the Cuban dropped a hand on O'Reilly's bowed head—"I am sorry that I had to bring you such evil tidings, but we are men—and this is war."

"No, no! It isn't war—it's merciless savagery! To murder children and to outrage women—why, that violates all the ethics of warfare."

"Ethics!" the colonel cried harshly. "Ethics? Hell is without ethics. Why look for ethics in war? Violence—justice—insanity—chaos—that is war. It is man's agony—woman's despair. It is a defiance of God. War is without mercy, without law; it is—well, it is the absence of all law, all good."

It was some time before O'Reilly spoke; then he said, quietly: "I am not going back. I am going to stay here and look for Rosa."

"So!" exclaimed the colonel. "Well, why not? So long as we do not know precisely what has happened to her, we can at least hope. But, if I were you, I would rather think of her as dead than as a prisoner in some concentration camp. You don't know what those camps are like, my friend, but I do. Now I shall leave you. One needs to be alone at such an hour—eh?" With a pressure of his hand, Colonel Lopez walked away into the darkness.

Judson and his adventurous countryman did not see O'Reilly that night, nor, in fact, did anyone. But the next morning he appeared before General Gomez. He was haggard, sick, listless. The old Porto Rican had heard from Lopez in the meantime; he was sympathetic.

"I am sorry you came all the way to hear such bad news," he said. "War is a sad, hopeless business."

"But I haven't given up hope," O'Reilly said. "I want to stay here and—"

"I inferred as much from what Lopez told me," the general nodded his white head. "Well, you'll make a good soldier, and we shall be glad to have you." He extended his hand, and O'Reilly took it gratefully.

The city of Matanzas was "pacified." So ran the boastful bando of the cap-

tain general. And this was no exaggeration, as anyone could see from the number of beggars there. Of all his military operations, this "pacification" of the western towns and provinces was the most conspicuously successful and the one which gave Valeriano Weyler the keenest satisfaction; for nowhere did the rebellion lift its head—except, perhaps, among the ranks of those disaffected men who hid in the hills, with nothing above them but the open sky. As for the population at large, it was cured of treason! It no longer resisted, even weakly, the law of Spain. The reason was that it lay dying. Weyler's cure was simple, efficacious—it consisted of extermination, swift and pitiless.

Poverty had been common in Matanzas, even before the war, but now there were so many beggars in the city that nobody undertook to count them. When the refugees began to pour in by the thousands, and when it became apparent that the government intended to let them starve, the better citizens undertook an effort at relief; but times were hard, food was scarce, and prices high. Moreover, it soon transpired that the military frowned upon everything like organized charity, and in consequence the newcomers were, perforce, abandoned to their own devices. These country people were dumb and terrified at the misfortunes which had overtaken them; they wandered the streets in aimless bewilderment, fearful of what blow might next befall. They were not used to begging, and therefore they did not often implore alms; but all day long they asked for work, for bread, that their little ones might live. Work, however, was even scarcer than food, and the time soon came when they crouched upon curbs and doorsteps, hopeless, beaten, silently reproaching of those more fortunate than they. Their eyes grew big and hollow; their outstretched hands grew gaunt and skinny. The sound of weeping women and fretting babies became a common thing to hear.

Dogs and cats became choice articles of diet, until they disappeared. The government did supply one quality of food, however; at intervals, it distributed yucca roots. But these were starchy and almost indigestible. From eating them the children grew pinched in limb and face, while their abdomens bloated hugely. Matanzas became peopled with a race of grotesquely misshapen little folks, gnomes with young bodies, but with faces old and sick.

Of course disease became epidemic, for in the leaky hovels, dirt-floored and destitute of any convenience, there could be no effort at sanitation. Conditions became unspeakable. The children died first, then the aged and infirm. Deaths in the street were not uncommon; nearly every morning bodies were found beneath the portales. Starving creatures crept to the market in the hope of begging a stray bit of food, and some of them died there, between the empty stalls. The death wagons, heavy with their daily freight, rumbled ceaselessly through the streets, adding to the giant piles of unburied corpses outside the city.

Typhoid, smallpox, yellow fever, raged unchecked. The hospitals were crowded, and even in them the commonest necessities were lacking. It is believed that men have returned from the grave, but no one, either Spaniard or Cuban, had ever been known to return from one of these pesthouses, and, in consequence, those who were stricken preferred to remain and to die among their dear ones.

Yes, Matanzas was pacified. Weyler's boast was true. Nowhere in the entire province was a field in cultivation; nowhere, outside the garri-

soned towns, was a house left standing. Nor was the city of Matanzas the only concentration camp; there were others dotted through Santa Clara, Habana and Pinar del Rio. In them half a million people cried for food. Truly no rebellious land was ever more completely pacified than this, no people's spirits ever more completely crushed.

Into Matanzas, city of beggary and death, came Rosa Varona and her two negro companions, looking for relief. They made the journey without mishap, for they were too destitute to warrant plundering, and Rosa's disguise concealed what charms remained to her. But once they had entered the city, what an awakening! What suffering, what poverty, what rags they saw! The three of them grew weak with dismay at the horror of it all; but there was no retreat.

Asensio built a makeshift shelter close under La Cumbre—from it the ruins of the Quinta de Esteban were visible—and there they settled down to live. They had hoped to lose themselves among the other prisoners, and in this they were successful, for none of their miserable neighbors were in any condition to notice them, and there was nothing sufficiently conspicuous about two tattered blacks and their hunchbacked daughter to draw attention from the soldiers.

Asensio foraged zealously, and at first he managed somehow to secure enough food for his little family. One day the soldiers seized him and put him to work on the fortifications along with a gang of other men who appeared strong enough to stand hard labor. Asensio was not paid for this, but he was allowed one meal a day, and he succeeded in bringing home each night a share of his allotment.

It is surprising how little nourishment will sustain life. Rosa and her two friends had long felt the pinch of hunger, but now they plumbed new depths of privation, for there were days when Asensio and his fellow conscripts received nothing at all. After a time Evangelina began making baskets and weaving palm-leaf hats, which she sold at six cents each. She taught Rosa the craft, and they worked from dawn until dark, striving with nimble, tireless fingers to supplement Asensio's rations and postpone starvation. But it was a hopeless task. Other nimble fingers worked as tirelessly as theirs, and the demand for hats was limited.

Their hut overlooked the road to San Severino, that Via Dolorosa on which condemned prisoners were marched out to execution, and in time the women learned to recognize the peculiar blaring notes of a certain cornet, which signified that another "Cuban cock was about to crow." When in the damp of dewy mornings they heard that bugle they ceased their weaving long enough to cross themselves and whisper a prayer for the souls of those who were on their way to die. But this was the only respite they allowed themselves.

Rosa meditated much upon the contrast between her present and her former condition. Matanzas was the city of her birth, and time was when she had trod its streets in arrogance and pride, when she had possessed friends by the score among its residents. But of all these there was not one to whom she dared appeal in this, her hour of need. But even had she felt assured of meeting sympathy, her pride was pure Castilian, and it would never down. She, a Varona, whose name was one to conjure with, whose lineage was of the highest! She to beg? The thing was quite impossible. One crumb, so taken, would have choked her. Rosa preferred to suffer proudly and await the hour when hunger or disease would at last blot out her memories of happy days and end this nightmare misery.

Then, too, she dreaded any risk of discovery by Mario de Castano, who was a hard, vindictive man. His parting words had shown her that he would never forgive the slight she had put upon him; and she did not wish to put his threats to the test. Once Rosa saw him, on her way to buy a few centavos' worth of sweet potatoes; he was huddled in his victoria, a huge bladder of msn, and he rode the streets deaf to the plaints of starving children, blind to the misery of beseeching mothers. Rosa shrank into a doorway and drew her tattered shawl closer over her face for fear Don Mario might recognize in this misshapen body and in these pinched, discolored features the beautiful blossom he had craved.

Nor did she forget Colonel Cobo. The man's memory haunted her, asleep and awake; of him she was most desperately afraid. When for the first time she saw him riding at the head of his cut-throats she was like to swoon in her



Keeps PERUNA In the House All the time

Breaks up a Cold. Good for Bronchial Inflammations.

Mr. Robert McDougall, R. No. 6, Liberty, Indiana, writes: "I wish to state that I always keep Peruna in the house. I think it is a good medicine to have on hand. If I commence taking a cold, I take Peruna and it breaks it up for me. It is also good for the Bronchial Tubes." Peruna has served the American people for more than forty years. Those who know its value always have it at hand. Why not you?

Those who object to liquid medicines can secure Peruna Tablets

tracks, and for a whole day thereafter she cowered in the hut, trembling at every sound.

In these dark hours she recalled the stories of the old Varona treasure and Esteban's interesting theory of its whereabouts, but she could not bring herself to put much faith in either. Of course it was barely possible that there was indeed a treasure, and even that Esteban's surmise had been correct. But it was little more than a remote possibility. Distance lends a rosy color to reality to our most absurd imaginings, but, like the haze that tints a far-off landscape, it dissolves upon



Rosa Shrank Into a Doorway.

approach. Now that Rosa was here, in sight of the ruined quinta itself, her hopes and half-beliefs faded.

More than once she was tempted to confide in Evangelina and Asensio, but she thought better of it. Although she put implicit faith in Evangelina's discretion, she knew that Asensio was not the sort of fellow to be trusted with a secret of great magnitude—he was boastful, talkative, excitable; he was just the sort to bring destruction upon all of them. Rosa had sufficient intelligence to realize that even if she found her father's riches they would only constitute another and a greater menace to the lives of all of them. Nevertheless, she wished to set her mind at rest once for all. Taking Evangelina with her, she climbed La Cumbre one day in search of roots and vegetables.

It turned out to be a sad experience for both women. The negroes wept noisily at the destruction wrought by Pancho Cueto, and Rosa was overcome by painful memories. Little that was familiar remained; evidence of Cueto's all-devouring greed spoke from the sprouting furrows his men had dug, from the naked trees they had felled and piled in orderly heaps, from the stones and mortar of the house itself.

The well remained, although it had been planked over, but it was partially filled up with rubbish, as Rosa discovered when she peered into it. Only a tiny pool of scum was in the bottom. After a long scrutiny the girl arose, convinced at last of her brother's delusion, and vaguely ashamed of her own credulity. No, if ever there had been a treasure, it was hidden elsewhere; all of value that this well contained for Rosa was her memory of a happiness departed. Of such memories, the well, the whole place, was brimful. Here, as a child, she had romped with Esteban. Here, as a girl, she had dreamed her first dreams, and here O'Reilly, her smiling knight, had found her. Yonder was the very spot where he had held her in his arms and begged her to

await the day of his return. Well, she had waited.

But was that Rosa Varona who had promised so freely and so confidently this pitiful Rosa whose bones protruded through her rags? It could not be. Happiness, contentment, hope—these were fictions; only misery, despair, and pain were real. But it had been a glorious dream, at any rate—a dream which Rosa vowed to cherish always.

(To be continued.)

FOCH LEARNS TO SMOKE

Now Thoroughly Enjoys Good Briar Pipe Bought From English Firm.

Marshal Foch has acquired the English habit of smoking. The French do not smoke pipes. Day by day Marshal Foch saw Field Marshal Haig and other British generals in the vortex of the war calmly doing their work behind good, big-bowled briar pipes.

Foch asked Haig what it was like to smoke a pipe. He bought one. He filled it under careful British military instruction. He began the attempt with energy and purposeful determination, but at first smoked more matches than tobacco. Now, however, he has mastered it and thoroughly enjoys a good briar which he has bought from an English firm.

FINDS LIQUOR IN TRUNK

Kansas City Woman Is Now Suing Terminal Company for Damages.

Mrs. Olive Sterling of Kansas City packed her steamer trunk with dainty clothing and had it taken to the depot, where she checked it to Charleston, W. Va., where she intended paying relatives a visit. On her arrival there, instead of her fine lingerie, dainty dresses, etc., she found 150 pint bottles of booze, evidently destined for an Oklahoma bootlegger. She will bring suit against the Kansas City Terminal company for damages as a result of the mix-up.

Fred Thias, of route 3, was a business caller here Friday.

FREED FROM THE PHYSIC HABIT

Says her constipation ended and stomach trouble left. Tells how.

"I had stomach trouble and constipation very bad for a long time. Tried everything, but kept getting worse. I could hardly eat anything and my bowels wouldn't move unless I took a physic every day. I have to support myself and two children, yet I was not able to work."

"The first bottle of Milks Emulsion did wonders for me, and I have continued its use until now I feel fine and can work every day. I have a good appetite, my stomach trouble has left me, and my bowels are as regular as clock work."—Mrs. Mary Widner, 103 S. Court St., Sioux City, Iowa.

Mrs. Widner found out what all sufferers should know—that pills, salts and physics do not end constipation, but usually make it worse. Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength, Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to run-down nervous people, and it has produced amazing results in many cases of asthma, chronic bronchitis, and tuberculosis of the lungs. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. A truly wonderful medicine for weak, sickly children.

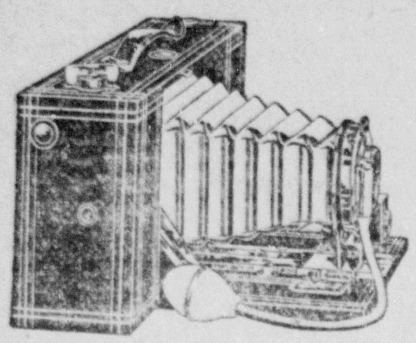
No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results, your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold and guaranteed by C. E. Loertz.

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



It looks like Mother will have to go some

KODAKS



Box Brownies
\$2.75 up

Kodaks - \$7.50 up

Kodak Albums
25c to \$5

Carrying Cases Tripods
Enlarging Cameras

"We develop free the film we sell"

FEDERMANN'S

-DRUG STORE-
"Service-Quality"

A TYPEWRITER RIBBON THAT IS DIFFERENT.

Stafford's Irish Linen Non-Type Filling.
Strong, Durable, Lasting. Absolute Guarantee.
Special Price of \$6 per dozen.

Other office supplies such as carbon paper, writing fluid,
Hunt's Silverline pen points, typewriting paper.

THE SEYMOUR BUSINESS COLLEGE.

South Chestnut Street.

"The Job Seeks You If You Are Trained."

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS

Mrs. J. E. Hamer is ill at her home on North Ewing street, with influenza.

Miss Marjorie Hagan is ill with influenza at her home on North Poplar street.

Mrs. Ida Myers, who has been ill for the past two weeks at her home on West Second street remains about the same.

Mrs. Frank Hill and little son, Max Eugene, who have been seriously ill with influenza, are much improved today.

The Brownstown basket ball team was victorious Friday evening in a game between Brownstown and Vernon at Vernon. The score was 38-24.

The pie supper at Woodstock Thursday evening was a financial success. The proceeds will be used toward the purchase of a gymnasium outfit for the Woodstock School.

Mina Rainbolt was this afternoon granted a divorce from Orville Rainbolt and granted the custody of the children. She was given \$50 per month for the support of the minor children. Property rights were settled out of court—Bedford Mail.

Corporal Fred E. Bruning, who has been stationed at Camp Taylor, received his honorable discharge yesterday and has returned to this city. He has been in service for nine months and six days. Corporal Bruning was formerly employed as bookkeeper for the Kingham Packing Company, in Indianapolis, and will leave in a few days to accept his old position.

Mrs. Eunice Hutchings, of Rockford, has received a letter from her son, Samuel C. Wheaton, who is with Co. A, 12th M. G. Bn., which was mailed December 29th from Cochem, Germany, stating that he was well and having a fine time, but did not know when he would be sent home. He hoped, however, that it would be soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Howard and

two daughters, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hunter and family, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Barnett, Mrs. Pickard, Ellsworth Champion and son, Carl, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Oakey, Bryson Weaver, Chester Jennings and Hugo Shank accompanied the remains of Mrs. Ellsworth Champion of Indianapolis, here this morning for burial. The remains were taken direct to Riverview cemetery.

The fire department was called to the home of G. C. Martin, North Ewing street, this morning where a small blaze has started on the roof. The department made a quick run. The damage was placed between \$50 and \$100. The fire probably started from a spark.

Country cured shoulders, hams, side meat. Low prices. Ray R. Keach.

CURIOSITY CAUSES FIRE

Man Applies a Match to See If Coal Oil Will Burn.

Inquisitiveness on the part of an employee of the Grand Trunk Railway company, who applied a match to a pool of coal oil "to see if it would burn," was responsible for the conflagration which wiped out the freight sheds, offices and 28 loaded and unloaded cars of the company at Ottawa, Can., with a total loss of \$112,000.

Henry Daoust, a freight handler, who appeared at the investigation proceedings with his face badly burned and one of his hands swathed in bandages, frankly told how he had come to start the blaze. He said he had noticed a pool of liquid on the floor of the freight shed, close to a number of barrels which had been shipped in from the inland revenue department.

He did not know what the liquid was, but was curious to see whether it would burn. He applied a match with the result that the liquid burst into a blue flame. Almost immediately an explosion occurred, which hurled him backward.

Values Chagrin at \$5,000.

Dayton, O.—Dolly Zimmerman is suing the local street railway company for \$5,000. She alleges that the conductor gave her the wrong change and that when she asked for the correct amount of money he called her a "vile" name. Her chagrin is worth the amount sued for, according to Dolly.

SEYMOUR MARKETS

Wheat\$2.18
Flour\$1.50@1.45
Corn90c
Oats70c
Rye\$1.30
Clover seed\$12.00@17.50
Straw, wheat, ton\$9.00
Straw, oats, ton\$10.00
Hay, baled\$22.00@23.00
Clover, Hay\$20.00

POULTRY.

Hens, fat22c
Springs, 1½ lbs. and over.....20c
Cocks, fat15c
Turkeys, old24c
Turkeys, young27c
Ducks17c
Geese15c
Eggs35c
Butter33c
Guineas, per head.....25c@35c

Hides, cured19c@20½c
Hides, green16c@17c
Calf Skins G. S.35c@37c
Calf Skins, green.....26c@28c
Horse Hides, No. 1.....\$5.00@7.00
Sheep Skins, recent slaughter\$1.00@3.00
Hog Skins70c@1.00
Tallo6c@7c
Bull Hides11c@15c
Deacons, each\$1.00@2.00

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Feb. 1.

CORN				
Open	High	Low	Close	
Feb. 1.25½	1.26	1.24½	1.25½	
Mar. 1.22½	1.23¼	1.21½	1.22½	
May 1.18¼	1.18¾	1.16½	1.17½	
July 1.14½	1.14½	1.12½	1.13½	

OATS.				
Open	High	Low	Close	
Feb. 55½	56¼	55¼	56	
Mar. 56½	56½	55½	56¼	
May 57	57¼	56	56¾	
July 55½	55¼	54½	54¾	

Indianapolis Grain Markets.

By United Press.

February 1, 1919.

CORN—Firm.
No. 3 white1.36½
OATS—Firm.
White58¼
HAY—Steady.
No. 1 timothy.....\$25.50@26.00
No. 2 timothy.....\$25.00@25.50
No. 1 clover.....\$23.00@23.50

Indianapolis Live Stock.

Receipts4,500
ToneWeak
Best heavies\$17.50@17.65
Medium and mixed.....17.50@17.60
Com. to choice lights.....17.50@17.55
Bulk of sales\$17.50@17.65
CATTLE—
Receipts200
ToneUnchanged
Steers\$15.00@19.00
Cows and heifers.....\$6.50@13.00
SHEEP.
Receipts50
ToneUnchanged
Tone50c higher
Top\$7.50@9.00

Ohio "Victory Girls" to Earn \$5 Each for War

Kenton, O.—This city has an organization known as "Victory Girls" and its membership consists of some of the most prominent young ladies of the city. Each has pledged to earn \$5 for war work funds. To aid the girls Mrs. Caretta Ohman has opened an employment bureau at her home, and the young ladies are going to do real work for their money.

Women Husking Corn.

Rantoul, Ill.—A survey of the corn fields of Illinois by air shows many women have gone out to help in the corn husking. One of the aviators here reports seeing hundreds of women doing their part to save the corn crop.

Trying to Be Altruistic.

"So you notice an improvement in those Hun soldiers."
"Decidedly."
"But some of them have been firing on the American flag."
"Deplorable. But at least this time the flag was not trying to protect a hospital or an ambulance."

One-Way Traffic.

Snicker—Say, what did the Briggs do about going into a flat for the winter?
Snack—Oh, they backed out.
Snicker—Why was that?
Snack—Had to. They found after they moved in there wasn't room to turn around.

A NATION'S STRENGTH IS IN ITS FOOD SUPPLY

Eat Less—Waste nothing
Create a Reserve
AMERICA MUST FEED
120,000,000 ALLIES

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

YOU GET WHAT YOU WANT WHEN YOU ASK FOR IT HERE

CLASSIFIED ADV. RATES
Minimum, Ten Words.
Daily Edition.
One insertion, per word.....1 ct.
Three insertions, per word.....2 cts.
Five insertions, per word.....3 cts.
One month insertions, per word.....10 cts.
Weekly Edition.
Each insertion, per word.....1 ct.

LOST—Purse containing money, between Furnish Barber shop and Groub's Wholesale Store. Return here. Reward. f4d

WANTED—Timber. Anyone having good timber wishing to sell; good white oak preferred. Address the F. M. Bachman Lumber Co., Indianapolis, Ind. f12d-13w

WANTED—Furs of all kinds. Frank Franklin 125 South Pine, Phone L-659. n20dtf

WANTED—Girl for housework who can go home at nights. Inquire here. f1dtf

WANTED—Girl. Two in family. No washing. Call 661 Ring 1. j30dtf

WANTED—Sewing and fancy work. Louise Croucher, Phone 665. f6d

WANTED—A boy. Ahlbrand Carriage Company. f1d

WANTED—Girl to do kodak finishing. Phone 33. f1dtf

WANTED—Adding machine. Phone 33. f1dtf

WANTED—Night cook at Palace Restaurant. f1d

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY
Lady or gentleman to represent us in Jackson county to handle one of the highest class propositions on the market. It entails a small investment. This proposition offers very large immediate earnings, with an unlimited future. Highest references needed and a personal interview in Indianapolis if possible. Apply Mr. Marquis, 305 Merchants Bank Bldg., Indianapolis. f1d

FOR SALE—Monroe touring car. Excellent condition, run only 3,000 miles. Will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction. Big bargain if sold at once. Clifford Starr, 311 North Indianapolis Ave. Telephone R-720. f4d

FOR SALE—One horse cut-under spring wagon, good for light drayage. Seymour Mutual Telephone Co. or the Empire Livery Barn. f3d&w

FOR SALE—10 tons clover and timothy hay. Chas. Johnson, R. F. D. 1, or phone Reddington exchange. f3d&w

FOR SALE—2 stacks of sheaf oats. Inquire Wm. Von Dielingen, Phone 587-2. f7d

FOR SALE—Gray wicker whole reed go-cart. Good as new. Call R-679. j31dtf

FOR SALE—Yellow and white seed corn. A. B. Montgomery, Phone 34. f4d&w

FOR SALE—Cyphers Warm Air Incubators. K. B. Shields, Phone 742. f27d&w

FOR SALE—Four-year-old horse. S. Carr, 526 East Third. f1d

FOR RENT—One front office room opposite Interurban. See W. A. Carter. j22d-tf

FOR SALE—Three brood sows and eight shoats. Will Judd, R. 6. f5d6w

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping. D. DeMatteo. f1dtf

AUCTIONEERS—If you want good service and satisfaction, get Foland & Lane to make your personal property sale. Phone Reddington. f24d&w

CHIROPRACTOR—L. R. Huffer, D. C., Chiropractic, reaches all diseases. Consultation free. 7½ W. Second St., Seymour. f17d

TAXI SERVICE—Calls answered day or night. Tipton Richardson. Phone 296. Residence phone 67. j27dtf

BAGGAGE TRANSFER—Grover Marquette. Phone 274. Residence phone R-281. d3d-tf

NO HUNTING—Muslin signs 9x17 inches, for posting farms against hunting and trespassing, 10 cents each, 90 per dozen. Call at Republican Office.

Calling Cards.
One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

STRAND THEATRE

"The House of Features"

TONIGHT
Beginning at 7:00 p. m.

FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN
—AND—
BEVERLY BAYNE
in a five act drama entitled
"The Brass Check"

Prices.
Adults 10c., children under 12 years 5c., (plus war tax) Matinee 5c to all

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB
I often am touched by the beauty of things With feelings I'll never forget. It's hard to express what I mean but I'm sure That I'll say something wonderful yet!

Weather Report.

Fair tonight. Sunday cloudy and warmer. Probably snow north and snow or rain south portion in afternoon or night.

Seymour Temperatures.
Reported by Ira Bedel, government weather observer, for the twenty four hours ending at noon today.
Max. Min.
February 1, 1919 57 24

DIVIDED REPORTS ON ROADS EXPECTED

(Continued from first page)
the bill providing for establishing a state colony for feeble minded, and appropriating \$250,000 to purchase the site.

Consideration of the general and specific appropriation bills will probably begin in committee on Monday, Representative Will Swain, of Pendleton, said today. With these two appropriation measures under consideration the most important work of the legislature will be before the general assembly and it is regarded as possible that the customary eleventh hour rush may be decreased to some extent.

The House committee on Rivers and Waters has practically redrafted the administration conservation bill and will present the new measure to the lower branch of the legislature early next week. Many features of the redrafted measure are but simplifications on the old measure. Reference to dredging of Indiana lakes has been eliminated from the bill.

A public hearing on Representative Scott's bill providing for an election on the moving of the county seat of Vermillion county will be held by the House judiciary committee Monday evening. House committees on insurance and on criminal code will also hold public hearings on various bills under consideration Monday afternoon and evening in the state house.

Representative Will L. Wood of Parr, expressed his confidence today that his loan shark measure which was upheld by the House when the committee reported the measure on the floor with recommendation that the bill be killed, will pass with but slight if any changes. Representative Wood stated today that his bill merely reduces the rate of interest which may be charged by petty money lenders from forty-two percent per annum to twenty-four percent. "If money lenders cannot live on twenty-four percent interest they had better get out of the business," said Rep. Wood. "I know that twenty-four percent is enough interest for me and I am in that business just as well as other men are."

Milk Prices Lower.
Use more milk for health and vigor. Buy it by the quart for economy. Beginning Feb. 1, quarts 12c, pints 7c. f1d

Farmers in Monroe county are becoming interested in lime and lime pulverizers. Many of them are purchasing pulverizers to grind the stone which may be found on their farms. A few years ago it was believed that

Majestic Theatre

TONIGHT

BEGINNING AT 7:00 P. M.
A Program of High Class Movies Featuring the World's Greatest Stars.

HELEN GIBSON
in a two act drama entitled
"THE SILENT SENTINEL"

A FOX SUNSHINE COMEDY
in two acts entitled
"MONGRELS"

CLAIRE ANDERSON
in a two act Keystone comedy
"NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS"

Coming Monday: Jack Livingston in a five act drama entitled "The Price of Applause"

PRICES: Lower Floor 10c. Balcony 5c. Plus 19 Per Cent. War Tax. Matinee 5c to All.

REMEMBER WE GIVE AWAY \$5.00 IN GOLD EVERY FRIDAY NIGHT



You will enjoy a dinnertime satisfaction that will be shared by other members of your family, if you allow us to serve you with the best meats ever honestly weighed out in an effort to please the public taste and pocketbook. Let us serve you.

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STAR LAX
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TABLETS
AN EXCELLENT LIVER TABLET.

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Phone K-490
When You Have Any Kind of ELECTRICAL WORK Prompt Attention Given to All Orders
O. H. GORBETT

LADIES OF SEYMOUR

Mrs. J. F. Fislar, is prepared to make your old materials into exquisite gowns, also to color old materials, hats, laces, ribbons, ostrich feathers, into any desired art shade on short notice and at small expense. Will call for goods at your home. Also fit gowns at you home. Phone Farmington, A-2.

F. H. HEIDEMAN
Pianos, Furniture, Rugs, Linoleum
Funeral Director
Piano and Pipe Organ Tuning
C. H. DROEGE

the use of limestone on soil that was underlaid with stone was not necessary, but farmers in Lawrence and other counties in the lime stone district have found it a good investment. Lime stone has been used by many Jackson county farmers with excellent results for several years.

We Do "Printing That Pleases."

Steam Pressing Preserves the Fabric of Woolens

Our method of pressing clothes by steam is such that the fabric of the woolens is preserved, the colors are brightened and the cloth is given a firmness that is found in new materials. It has been proved that proper pressing and cleaning by the right methods adds to the wearing qualities of the cloth. Money that is spent for pressing is well spent. It is economy and at the same time it adds to the appearance of the suit or dress. It is because our methods are so satisfactory that our business is growing by such leaps and bounds. Satisfaction is guaranteed.

Cleaning—Pressing—Dyeing—Repairing.

BELL STEAM WORKS